## TEST YOURSELF D TEST 1

#### <I>> Phonetics

#### A. Sounds

Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others in each group.

1/	a. book <u>s</u>	b. tables	c. roots	d. roof <u>s</u>
27	12 60	E 151 2	CTO	r rea

c. one

9/	a. business	b. result	c, close	d. <u>s</u> ure

10/ a. game	b. gas	c. gift	d. engage
	_	-	

#### B. Stress

Identify the word whose stress pattern is different from that of the others in each group.

11/ a. authority	b. entrance	c. selection	d. emission
12/ a. vaporize	b. certainly	c. perversity	d. conquer

## <II> Vocabulary & Structures

Choose the answer that best fits the blanks in each sentence or substitutes for the underlined word or phrase.

23/ 24/	a. reliable b I've been sitting to a. gather "Has John ever w "Yes, several time a. Even though c. In fact As you cross the overhead. a. seek During the boss's	b. gain on that race?" es, he bro	b. load  b. load  oke a state record  b. Nevertheless  d. However  out for pheasants	my legs. d. stretch
23/ 24/	a. gather "Has John ever w "Yes, several time a. Even though c. In fact As you cross the overhead. a. seek	b. gain on that race?" es he bro	b. load  oke a state record  b. Nevertheless  d. However  out for pheasants	d. stretch
24/	"Has John ever w "Yes, several time a. Even though c. In fact As you cross the overhead. a. seek	on that race?" es, he bro	oke a state record b. Nevertheless d. However out for pheasants	last year."
24/	"Yes, several time a. Even though c. In fact As you cross the overhead. a. seek	moors, c	b. Nevertheless d. However out for pheasants	
	<ul><li>a. Even though</li><li>c. In fact</li><li>As you cross the overhead.</li><li>a. seek</li></ul>	moors,	b. Nevertheless d. However out for pheasants	
	c. In fact As you cross the overhead. a. seek	moors, c	d. However out for pheasants	and grouse flying
	As you cross the overhead.  a. seek	moors, c	out for pheasants	and grouse flying
	overhead. a. seek	moors, c	out for pheasants	and grouse flying
25/		b. search	0.000	
25/	During the boss's		c. see	d. look
231		his assis	tant took over.	
	a. vanishing	b. disappearance	e c. loss	d. absence
26/	I like the book I interesting		use it's well writ	tten and it has an
	a. hypothesis	b. plot	c. phase	d. condition
27/	, the outer l	ayer of the skin,	contains pigments	s, pores, and ducts
	a. That the epider		•	
	$c.\ The\ epidermis$		d. The epidermi	s which
28/	When caring for control without al		s, it is very dif	ficult to
	a. exert	b. show	c. be	d. extend
29/	She tried to preve	:2: 2		
	a. to		c. against	
30/	I don't like the c the animals.	ircus because I t	hink all the train	ers are to
	a. strict	b. difficult	c. upset	d. cruel
31/	Do you like my n	ew coat? I got it a	nt price.	
	a. a bargain	b. a bonus	c. an easy	d. a simple
32/	If they aren't mor	e careful with the	ir money they'll	get into
	in they aren timor		c. overdraft	

33/	My uncle took	golf when h	ic retired from wo	rk.
	a. on	b. over	c. up	d. after
34/	Let's go. There's			
	a, of	b. for	c. to	d. in
35/	We couldn't do th			
	a. neglected	b. vague	c. misinformed	d. negative
36/	Dinner will be rea	ady soon. Can you	please th	ne table?
	a. settle	b. lay	c. make	d. put
37/	Only the	of the building is	going to be remod	deled.
	a, insides	b. interior	c. indoors	d. inner
38/	There has been a	greatin h	is English.	
	a, escalation	b. rise	c. increase	d. improvement
<[]	I> Grammar &	Structure		
Ch	oose the best	answer to con	nplete each of	the following
	tences.		•	
39/	All things	_, he did unusual	ly well.	
	a. considered		b. were consider	ed
	c. considering		d. being conside	ring
40/	A battery is a dev	iceelectr	icity by chemical	means.
	a, it produces		b. which produce	es
	c. produces		d. by which prod	luction of
41/	Natural resources finished goods.			
	a. needed	b. are needed	c. need	d. needing
42/	It rained all the tir	ne was a	great pity.	
	a. that		c. which	d. who
43/	There is still a wi			men in Japan and
	a. one	b. the one		d. those
44/	Under the educati County, move their childre	unhappy with a p		Table 1
	a. were parents		b. when parents	
	c, parents who we	re	d. parents were	

45/	By praying outsic destroying saloon			oon windows, and	
	a. alcohol was prohibited by Carrie Nation				
	b. Carrie Nation v				
	c. prohibiting alco	ohol by Carrie Na	tion		
	d. Carrie Nation's			ol.	
46/	Birds make nests branches.	•			
	a. can where they	b. where they ca	n		
	c. where can they	d. where can			
47/	It was Jack	came late for th	ne meeting.		
	a. who	b. whose	c. he	d. which	
48/	I had to get up ear	ly, I'd ha	ive missed the tra	in.	
	a. otherwise				
49/	He kept his job _	the manage	r had threatened	to sack him.	
	a. despite				
50/	Fish have nostrils	are used	for smelling, not	for breathing.	
	a. they				
51/	Earthworms breat	he through their s	skin must	be kept molist.	
	a. and which				
52/	The Kentucky D Louisville, Kentucky	erby ev			
	a. to be run	b. run	c. it may be run	d. is run	
53/	Jackson,	apital of Mississi	ippi, is the largest	city in the state.	
	a. the	b. where is the	c. is the	d. it is the	
54/	My mother has ju	st bought a house	is full of	roses.	
	a. whose garden		b. the garden of	it	
	c. the garden		d. the garden wh	iose	
55/	The Egyptians co	enstructed walls a	and embankments	s mar els	
	a. they are conside	ered	b. which are con	sidered	
	c. are considered		d. who are consi	dered	
56/	He came in and di	dn't say anything	worried	all of us.	
	a. that	b. whose	c. whom	d. which	

57/	She has work to do that sh	e gets very tired.
	a, so much b, much more	c. too much d. so many
58/	at 4 o'clock, we would have	e missed seeing our old uncle.
	a. It we had gone b. Had we gone	
	c. Because we had gone	d. a and b
59/	Beavers have been known to use build dams that are more than a the	
	a, foot in length	b. feet long
	c. long feet	d. lengthy feet
60/	Although fish do not have outer ear on either side of the head.	ars, have a simple inner ear
	a, there are varieties	b. they are varieties
	c. some varieties	d. which varieties
-11	V> Error Identification	
	oose the underlined word or eds correcting.	phrase in each sentence that
	1 120 N N N N N N N N N	water will do show weath and are
017	Plant cuttings who are placed in a b	water will develop roots and can
	then be planted in soil.	
	e d	
62/	Mr. Omura has been a member of a b	that athletic club for <u>over</u> ten <u>years</u> c d
	age.	
63/	This bed, where he used to rest on.	is made of wood.
	a b	c d
64/	The first professional baseball ga	me it took place in 1846 when the
	a	b
	New York Nine defeated the New	York Knickerbockers 23 to 1.
	d	
65	Too many polished rice in one's o	diet could cause beriberi, a painful
	a b	
	a v	c a
	ne ve disease.	c, u

66/	For more than 459 years, Mexico City has been the economic. culture.
	a b
	and political center of the Mexican people.
	c d
67/	Every student must make up their own study list of the classes he is a b
	going to take at the beginning of the quarter.
	d
68/	I walk along the street when I suddenly heard footsteps behind me.  a  b  c  d
69/	The National Wildflower Research Center which was established in
	1982 by Lady Bird Johnson on sixty acres of land east of Austin.
	b c d
70/	The board will go out to a restaurant right afterwards the last meeting.
	a b c d
71/	The classification of a dinosaur as either saurischian nor ornithischian
	a b
	depends on the structure of the hip.
	c d
72/	Vancouver, British Columbia, was named after the man which
	explored the area in 1792.
	d
73/	Soon after the United States' entrance into the war, the major hotels a b c
	in Atlantic City was transformed into military barracks.
	d
74/	l don't think our daughter is not enough old to understand this a b c
	matter.
	d
75/	I enjoy taking a walk at night, which the roads are quiet.
	a b c d

#### <V> Reading Comprehension

Read the passage and choose the word or phrase that best fits each space.

#### A) THE TREAT TO THE ENVIRONMENT

Newadays people are more aware that wildlife all over the world is in (76) Many (77) of animals are threatened and could easily become (78) if we do not make an effort to (79) them. There are many reasons for this. In some cases, animals are (80) for their fur or for other valuable parts of their bodies. Some birds, (81) as parrots, are caught (82) and sold as pets. For many animals and birds, the problem is that their habitat – the (83) where they live – is (84). More (85) is used for farms, for houses or industry, and there are fewer open (86) than there once were. Farmers use powerful chemicals to help them grow better (87), but these chemicals pollute the environment and (88) wild life. The most successful animals on earth – human beings – will soon be the only ones (89), unless we can (90) this problem.

76/ a. Janger	b. threat	c. problem	d. vanishing
77/ a. marks	b. more	c. species	d. forms
78/ a. Jisappeared	b. vanished	c. empty	d. extinct
79/ a. 1arm	b. safe '	c. protect	d. serve
80/ a. nunted	b. chased	c. game	d. extinct
81/ a. ike	b. such	c. or	d. where
82/ a. ively	b. alive	c. for life	d. for living
83/ a. spot	b. pint	c. place	d. site
84/ a. :xhausting	b. departing	c. escaping	d. disappearing
85/ a. earth	b. land	c. soil	d. area
86/ a. spaces	b. air	c. up	d. parts
87/ a. products	b. fields	c. herbs	d. crops
88/ a. spoil	b. harm	c. wound	d. wrong
89/ a. survived	b. over	c. missing	d. left
90/ a. inswer	b. calculate	c. solve	d. explain

Today I'd like to begin a discussion on the problem of the heating up the earth. First we'll touch on the relationship between fluorocarbons and the ozone layer. You probably remember that the ozone layer is the protective shield around the earth. It is important to all life, because it filters out harmful ultraviolet light from the sun. Ozone itself, a form of oxygen, is regularly made by the action of the sun in the upper atmosphere. It is also regularly destroyed by natural chemical processes.

The problem now is that too much of the ozone layer is being chemicals. destroyed. Scientists suspect that certain such fluorocarbons, are contributing to the depletion of the ozone layer. And how do we use fluorocarbons? The most common uses are in spray cans and cooling systems. The chemical pollution from these fluorocarbons can account for some of the ozone losses that have been reported. There are, however, new studies linking the sun itself to the depletion of the ozone layer. We'll go into that new study more next time.

- 91/ Who is the most likely speaker?
  - a. A doctor
- b. A mechanic
- c. A professor d. A chemist

- 92/ What is the speaker's main topic?
  - a. Ultraviolet light

- b. The use of spray cans
- c. Air-conditioning systems
- d. Fluorocarbons and the ozone layer
- 93/ What is the most important purpose of the ozone layer?
  - a. Providing fluorocarbons
- b. Shielding the sun
- c. Protecting the earth
- d. Destroying chemicals
- 94/ What is the ozone layer made of?
  - a. Fluorocarbons b. Oxygen
- c. Shields
- d. Ultraviolet light
- 95/ What will the speaker probably discuss next?
  - a. How to make air conditioners with fluorocarbons.
  - b. Harmful effects of ultraviolet light.
  - c. The makeup of the ozone layer.
  - d. The sun as a cause of ozone layer depletion.

#### 2007 Câu TN TA 11 94

#### <V> Writing

#### Choose the sentence (a, b, c or d) which is closest in meaning to the given one.

- 96/ George seems really ill at ease in front of the whole class.
  - a. George feels uncomfortable in front of the whole class.
  - b. George is easy to be ill because of the whole class.
  - c. George is ill because he stands in front of the whole class.
  - d. George feels comfortable in front of the whole class.

#### 97/ Jane dislikes television, but her husband watches it every night.

- a. Jane enjoys watching television, but her husband does not.
- Jane gets irritated whenever her husband watches television at night.
- c. Jane's husband watches television nightly, but he dislikes it.
- d. Jane watches television with her husband every night.

#### 98/ My sister isn't used to walking so far.

- a. My sister isn't accustomed to walking very far.
- b. My sister doesn't like to walk so far.
- c. My sister used to walk farther.
- d. My sister needed help to walk so far.

#### 99/ I go by taxi as a last resort.

- a. I like travelling by taxi.
- b. I only go by taxi when there's no other alternatives.
- c. I resort to taxi when I am late.
- d. I usually travel by taxi whenever I can.

#### 100' She talked about nothing except her children.

- a. She talked about everything including her children.
- b. She had nothing to say about her children.
- 2. She had no interest in her children.
- J. Her only topic of conversation was her children.

#### **End of Test**

### TEST 2

#### <I> Phonetics

#### A. Sounds

# Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others in each group.

1/	a. hoped	b. annoyed	c. preferred	d. played
2/	a. <u>s</u> ea	b. singer	c. sugar	d. smoke
3/	a. accuracy	b. rate	c. l <u>a</u> te	d. pace
4/	a. precision	b. decision	c. tension	d. conclusion
5/	a. eigh <u>th</u>	b. wor <u>th</u> y	c. wea <u>th</u> er	d. wi <u>th</u>
6/	a. absence	b. abundant	c. arrive	d. apologize
7/	a. requ <u>i</u> re	b. adm <u>i</u> re	c. t <u>i</u> red	d. shirt
8/	a. purit <u>y</u>	b. tin <u>y</u>	c. reply	d. happy
9/	a. prescr <u>i</u> ption	b. transcr <u>i</u> be	c. description	d. transcript
10/	a. forests	b. needs	c. odours	d. minerals

#### B. Stress

### Identify the word whose stress pattern is different from that of the others in each group.

11/ a. considerate	b. Parisian	c. redundancy	d. agriculture
12/ a. character	b. adventure	c. ordinary	d. worldwide
13/ a. consulate	b. evaporate	c. contemplate	d. co-ordinate
14/ a. minimal	b. consume	c. auditory	d. dominate
15/ a. magazine	b. horoscope	c. widowers	d. campus
16/ a. continent	b. continue	c. contents	d. contour
17/ a. adventure	b. adversary	c. advent	d. addict
18/ a. sunny	b. acute	c. financial	d. observe
19/ a. demand	b. intention	c. definition	d. material
20/ a. postpone	b. purpose	c. postcard	d. product

## <II> Vocabulary & Structures.

Choose	the	answer	that	best	fits	the	blanks	in	each	sentence	or
substitu	tes	for the u	nder	lined	wo	rd o	r phras	e.			

21/	Travelers to India	both a va	lid passport and a	visa.
	a. remark	b. inquire	c. invest	d. require
22/	He's the most dist	inguished scientis	st in his	
	a. matter	b. field	c. part	d. place
23/	All of Harold's ch	ildren moved awa	ıy, but he	in Kansas.
	a. contained	b. consisted	c. extended	d. remained
24/	You need to exerc	ise if you	want to lose weig	ght.
	a. strongly	b. basically	c. commonly	d. regularly
25/	Children with	diseases shou	ıld not be allowed	to go to school.
	a. contact	b. constant	c. infectious	d. influential
26/	I read a newspape	r every day to kee	p with cu	rrent affairs.
	a. up-to-date		b. present-day	
	c. contemporary		d. modern	
27	countries	still have a king o	r a queen, don't t	hey?
	a. Any	b. Half	c. Part	d. Some
28/	Let us know as arrangements.	soon as possib	le so that we c	an start
	a. making	b. doing	c. having	d. fixing
29	We would	to stay at home t	his evening.	
	a. approve	b. prefer	c. rather	d. recommend
30	In many countries	, coal is still bein	g used to	electricity.
	a. create	b. generate	c. cause	d. form
31	stone too	Is and animal re	mains found wit	h human fossils,
	anthropologists h	nave determined	that Neanderth	al Man was a
	successful hunter.			
	a. When the	b. The	c. Both the	d. From the
32/	"Do you think Ma	ry will get an A?		
	"Oh of course, she	e'll do fine	_ she doesn't stud	ly."
	a. in fact	b. besides	c. even if	d. despite

33/	We very much	that you wil	I come to dinner	next Friday,
	a. wish	b. want	c. like	d. hope
34/	Having lost for se	veral days, the do	og its way	home.
	a. ran	b. searched	c. wormed	d. found
35/	It takes both	and talent to b	e a good painter.	
	a. proficiency	b. skill	c. worth	d. value
36/	The temperature _	below zero	o.	
	a. declined	b. decreased	c. dropped	d. lowered
37/	On the th	is has been a very	successful year	for us.
	a. most	b. all	c. general	d. whole
38/	The sales manage	r decided to	his trip to Ku	ala Lumpur until
	next month.			
	a. call off	b. put on	c. put off	d. call on
<iii> Grammar &amp; Structure</iii>				
<b>\11</b>		211 11 11 11 11		
Ch	oose the best a		iplete each of	the following
Ch sen	oose the best at tences.	answer to con	77-	_
Ch sen	oose the best a tences.	answer to con	77-	_
Chesen 39/	oose the best a tences through a size and shape. a. It is seen	answer to con telescope, Venus b. Seeing	c. When seen	rough changes in d. It has seen
Chesen 39/	oose the best a tences through a size and shape. a. It is seen, the jaguar u	telescope, Venus b. Seeing sed to roam freely	c. When seen	d. It has seen
Chesen 39/	oose the best a tences.  through a size and shape.  a. It is seen , the jaguar u a. It is now found	telescope, Venus b. Seeing sed to roam freely	c. When seen y in the southwest	d. It has seen
Chesen 39/	oose the best a tences.  through a size and shape.  a. It is seen, the jaguar u a. It is now found b. Finding in Cent	telescope. Venus b. Seeing sed to roam freely only in Central ar	c. When seen y in the southwest nd South America	d. It has seen
Chesen 39/	tences.  through a size and shape.  a. It is seen , the jaguar u a. It is now found b. Finding in Cent c. To be found in the second in the secon	telescope. Venus b. Seeing sed to roam freely only in Central ar ral and South Am Central and South	c. When seen y in the southwest nd South America terica America	d. It has seen
Chesen 39/	tences.  through a size and shape.  a. It is seen , the jaguar u a. It is now found b. Finding in Cent c. To be found only	telescope. Venus b. Seeing sed to roam freely only in Central and ral and South Am Central and South in Central and S	c. When seen y in the southwest nd South America terica America outh America	d. It has seen tern United States
Chesen 39/	tences.  through a size and shape.  a. It is seen , the jaguar u a. It is now found b. Finding in Cent c. To be found in the second in the secon	telescope. Venus b. Seeing sed to roam freely only in Central and Central and South in Central and S	c. When seen y in the southwest nd South America terica America outh America	d. It has seen tern United States
Chesen 39/	tences.  through a size and shape.  a. It is seen , the jaguar u  a. It is now found  b. Finding in Cent c. To be found in 0  d. Now found only  The oldest tree in	telescope. Venus b. Seeing sed to roam freely only in Central and Central and South on Central and South on this part of the	c. When seen y in the southwest nd South America erica America outh America	d. It has seen tern United States
Chesen 39/	tences.  through a size and shape.  a. It is seen , the jaguar u a. It is now found b. Finding in Cent c. To be found in 0 d. Now found only The oldest tree is thousands of years	telescope. Venus b. Seeing sed to roam freely only in Central and ral and South Am Central and South in Central and S n this part of the sold. b. its age	c. When seen y in the southwest nd South America rerica outh America outh America ne world is the re-	d. It has seen tern United States d. it is
Chesen 39/	tences.  through a size and shape.  a. It is seen , the jaguar u a. It is now found b. Finding in Cent c. To be found in the d. Now found only The oldest tree in thousands of years a. which may be	telescope. Venus b. Seeing sed to roam freely only in Central and ral and South Am Central and South in Central and S n this part of the sold. b. its age sports, Linda bec	c. When seen y in the southwest nd South America erica outh America outh America e world is the outh c. and which	d. It has seen tern United States d. d. it is corter of the team

44/	<ul><li>a. Despite</li><li>A fine tomb,</li><li>a. which in the fif</li></ul>				
44/		, marks the gr	reto ret		
	a. which in the fif		ave of the poet Cr	naucer.	
	a. which in the fifteenth century was erecting				
	b. being erected in the fifteenth century				
	c. erecting in the fifteenth century				
	d. erected in the fi	fteenth century			
45/	The adder is a ver	nomous snake	bite may prov	e fatal to humans	
	a. its	b. whom its	c. that	d. whose	
46/	The Pacific Crest	Trail is America	's		
	a, the long footpat	th	b. the longest fo	otpath	
	c. footpath the lor	igest one	d. longest footpa	ath	
47/	The Consumer Pri	ice Index lists _			
	a. how much costs	s every car	b. how much do	es every car cost	
	c. how much ever	y car costs	d. how much are	e every car cost	
48'	It was nine years	ago Sir	Alfred returned fro	om America.	
	a. since	b. when	c. when that	d. that	
49	I wish the	competition this	s time.		
	a. I would win		b. to win		
	c. I could have wo	on	d. Both b and c		
50/	I can't help you w	ith your homewo	ork tonight,	_shopping.	
	a, I'll go	b. I'm going	c. I go	d. I have gone	
51/	"What is that bool	k about?"			
	"Oh it's about a b	oy famil	y is very poor."		
	a. that's	b. who his	c. whose	d. that his	
52/	Gustave Eiffel is	famous for buil	ding the Eiffel T	ower, for	
	designing the fran	nework of the Sta	atue of Liberty.		
	a. he is remember	ed	b. is remembere	d	
	c. yet he is seldon	n remembered	d. yet remember	ed	

53/	Mrs. Jackson, a fatal disease.	used to be v	ery beautiful, is i	now suffering from
	a. who	b. whose	c. she	d. that
54/	In 1885 photographased film.	phy changed drai	matically	introduced paper-
	a. Eastman		b. Eastman was	1
	c. when it was Eas	stman	d. when Eastma	an
55/	55/ The pirate Jean Lafitte offered his services to the U.S. governm the War of 1812, in 1815, and received a full pardon President James Madison.			
	a. fought in the Ba	attle of New Orle	ans	
	b. the Battle of No	ew Orleans was		
	c. he fought in the	Battle of New C	rleans	
	d. the Battle of Ne	ew Orleans		
56/	It was a miracle _	anybody s	urvived the accid	lent.
	a. that	b. which	c. who	d. whom
57/	Skin color is det greater or lesser a		nemical called m	nelanin, in
	a. there is in huma	an skin	b. human skin o	contains
	c. in human skin c	ontains	d. which human	skin contains
58/	For villagers	to read, instr	uctions have bee	en developed using
sym	bols.			
	a. who unable		b. they are unal	ole
	c. unable	•	d. where they a	re unable
59/	Not only, but	the also won the	hearts of many a	s a chivalrous hero
	a. was an outlaw J	lesse James	b. was Jesse Jai	mes an outlaw
	c. Jesse James wa	s an outlaw	d. Jesse James	being an outlaw
60/	Rescue attempts w	vere temporarily	stopped1	the bad weather.
	a. because of it wa	as	b. because of	×
	c. though it was		d. due to it was	

#### <IV> Error Identification

Choose the underlined word or phrase in each sentence that needs correcting.

61/ It was not until 1937 when the southernmost source of the Nile River

a b c

was discovered.

d

62/ The letter that was sent by special delivery must be importance.

a b c

63/ Lasers are indispensable tools for delicate eyes surgery.

a bc d

64/ Norma Jean Baker was the real name of the famous Hollywood

actress known such as Marilyn Monroe.

d

65/ An <u>invention</u> best known for the development of the Gatling Gun,

a

Richard Gatling <u>actually</u> put <u>most of</u> his effort into improving

agricultural methods.

d

66/ The USS Bonhomme Richard was commanded by John Paul Jones, a that won a notable sea battle during the Revolution.

b c d

67/ Weather satellites have made it possible predicting the weather with a b c much greater accuracy.

d

68. The need to improve technique motivates ballerinas exercising and a b c rehearse for hours daily.

d

69. The sun, the controlled body of our solar system, is a star whose a b dimensions are classified as average in size, temperature, and c brightness.

d

101

70/ After the yolk is separated from the white, it must be boil immediately.

d

71/ It believes that our lives will be better in the future.

ı bec

72. No longer did he lived in such a small house.

a b c d

73/ Gene therapy it is the latest advance in a revolutionary branch of a b c

me dicine called molecular genetics.

d

74/ The use of the paper money is believed to have begun in China about a b c twelve hundred years ago.

d

75/ Cable television companies recently announced that it will increase a b c services charges next year.

d

#### <V> Reading Comprehension

## Read the passage and choose the word or phrase that best fits each space.

A)

If you're an environmentalist, plastic is a word you tend to say with a sneer or snarl. It has become a symbol of our wasteful, throw-away society. But there seems little (76) it is here to stay, and the truth is, of course, that plastics have brought enormous (77), even environmental ones. It's not really the plastics themselves that are the environmental (78) -it's the way society chooses to use and (79) them.

Almost all the 50 or so different kinds of modern plastics are made from oil, gas, or coal-non-renewable natural (80). We (81) well over three million tons of the stuff in Britain each year and, sooner or later, most of it is thrown away. A high (82) of our annual consumption is in

the \_\_(83)\_\_ of packaging, and this \_\_(84)\_\_ about seven per cent by weight, of our domestic \_\_(85)\_\_. Almost all of it could be recycled, but very little of it is, though the plastic recycling \_\_(86)\_\_ is growing fast.

The plastics themselves are extremely energy-rich- they have a higher caloric (87) than coal and one (88) of "recovery" strongly (89) by the plastic manufacturers is the (90) of waste plastic into fuel.

76/ a, evidence	b. concern	c. doubt	d. likelihood
77/ a. pleasures	b. benefits	c. savings	d. profits
78/ a. poison	b. disaster	c. disadvantage	d. evil
79/ a. dispose	b. store	c. endanger	d. abuse
80/ a. resources	b. processes	c. products	d. fuels
81/ a. remove	b. import	c. consign	d. consume
82/ a. portion	b. amount	c. proportion	d. rate
83/ a. way	b. kind	c. form	d. type
84/ a. takes	b. makes	c. carries	d. constitutes
85/ a. refuse	b. goods	c. requirements	d. rubble
86/ a. manufacture	b. plant	c. factory	d. industry
87/ a. degree	b. value	c. demand	d. effect
88/ a. mechanism	b. measure	c. method	d. medium
89/ a. desired	b. arguèd	c. favored	d. presented
90/ a. conversion	b. melting	c. change	d. replacement
B)			

The search for alternative sources of energy has led in various directions. Many communities are burning garbage and other biological waste products to produce electricity. Converting waste products to gases or oil is also an efficient way to dispose of waste.

Experimental work is being done to derive synthetic fuels from coal, oil shale and coal tars. But to date, that process has proven expensive.

Other experiments are underway to harness power with giant windmills. Geothermal power, heat from the earth, is also being tested.

Some experts expect utility companies to revive hydroelectric power derived from streams and rivers. Fifty years ago hydroelectric power provided one third of the electricity used in the United States, but today it supplies only four percent. The oceans are another potential source of energy. Scientists are studying ways to convert the energy of ocean currents, tides, and waves to electricity. Experiments are also underway to make use of the temperature differences in ocean water to produce energy.

- 91/ Which is the best little of the passage?
  - a. The Use of Water Productions for Energy
  - b. The Search for Alternative Sources of Energy
  - c. Efficient Ways of Disposing of Waste.
  - d. New Discoveries in Geothermal Power.

92/	Fifty years ago one third provided by	of the electricity i	n the United States was	
	a. wind b. wast	te products	c. water d. oil	
93/	In the second paragraph, replaced by which of the		etic fuels" could best be	
	a. biological fuels	b. low bu	rning fuels	
	c. fast burning fuels	d. artifici	al made fuels	
94/	Which of the following alternative source of energy		d in the passage as an	
	a. Burning of garbage	b. Geothe	ermal power	
	c. Synthetic fuels	d. Electri	city	
95/	According to the author, the impracticality of using coal, oil shale and coal tars as sources of energy is due to			
	a. their being time consum	ning b. their be	eing money consuming	
	c. the scarcity of sources	d. the lac	k of technology	

#### <V> Writing

#### Choose the sentence (a, b, c or d) which is closest in meaning to the given one.

#### 96/ I decided to have the house rebuilt.

- a. I wanted to rebuild the house.
- b. I decided to have someone rebuild my house.
- c. I just made a decision to rebuild the house.
- d. Rebuilding the house was going on.

## 97/ If Tom keeps studying as he has been, he'll have no trouble passing his exam.

- a. Tom will not pass his exams because he is not studying.
- b. Tom is studying hard to pass his exams.
- c. Tom has passed his exams.
- d. Tom has trouble passing his exams.

#### 98/ The man wanted to know my age.

- a. The man told me that he was old.
- b. The man asked me if I knew his age.
- c. The man knew how old I was.
- d. "How old are you?" the man asked me.

## 99/ Although Miss Smith had less teaching experience than the other staff members, she is one of the best teachers.

- a. Miss Smith is one of the best teachers because she has taught longer.
- b. Other members of the staff teach less than Miss Smith does.
- c. Miss Smith is one of the best teachers in spite of her having less experience.
- d. Miss Smith has the best experience of all the teachers on the staff.

#### 100/ There is no point in persuading her to join our club.

- a. She will join our club if we ask her.
- b. It would be useful to persuade her to join our club.
- c. We are not sure but we try to persuade her to join our club.
- d. It is useless to persuade her to join our club.

#### End of Test

#### TEST 3

#### <I> Phonetics

#### A. Sounds

## Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others in each group.

1/ a. fragile d. luggage b. bargain c. general 2/ a. treachery b. treasure c. feature d. meadow 3/ a. compliments b. volunteers c. telegraphs d. tanks 4/ a. rational b. notion c. question d. condition 5/ a. alien b. alloy c. alley d. anthem 6/ a. sugar b. solar d. subside c. super 7/ a. drowse b. cow c. narrow d. however 8/ a. due b. drunkard c. useful d. contribute d. frozen 9/ a. zone b. waltz c. zoo

b. next

#### **B. Stress**

10/ a. sixty

### Identify the word whose stress pattern is different from that of the others in each group.

c. examine

d. hex

11/ a. vehement	b. dispense	c. precise	d. complexity
12/ a. astronaut	b. economist	c. medium	d. continent
13/ a. comprehensive	b. completion	c. considerate	d. responsible
14/ a. relation	b. arrange	c. summary	d. eliminate
15/ a. authentic	b. rapidly	c. drizzle	d. audience
16/ a. intelligent	b. preferential	c. provincial	d. potential
17/ a. competent	b. computer	c. confused	d. commuter
18/ a. attack	b. fancy	c. eruption	d. familiar
19/ a. atmosphere	b. pharmacy	c. release	d. document
20/ a. purity	b. standard	c. scientist	d. guarantee

## <II> Vocabulary & Structures

Choose the answer that best fits the blanks in each sentence or substitutes for the underlined word or phrase.

21/	If it took you five	hours to do that j	ob, you aren't a v	ery worker.
	a. sufficient	b. efficient	c. deficient	d. complete
22/	This small country	y hasecor	nomic problems.	
	a. maximum	b. dramatic	c. important	d. serious
23/	It is a greatafter all your work		ion was cancelled	at the last minute
	a. pity	b. sorrow	c. complaint	d. sadness
24/	I am to apologise for my a		eting on Monday	y evening, please
	a. incapable	b. unable	c. excused	d. disliked
25/	A new law will totally illegal.	all cigar	ette advertiseme	nts, making them
	a. ban	b. force	c. restrict	d. inhibit
26/	I'm so to	find out what you	have in the box.	
	a. nervous	b. suspicious	c. curious	d. troubled
27/	They would	go by air than	spend a week trav	elling by train.
	a. better	b. always	c. prefer	d. rather
	To get the correct	t answer, add this	column of figure	es and then divide
	a. of	b. with	c. by	d. from
29/	I didn't want to go	o dancing, but my	friendsn	ne out with them.
	a. noticed	b. demanded	c. struggles	d. dragged
30/	I am afraid the r	k.	2.2	
	a. accept	b. preserve	c. assure	d. unite
31/	The bride's father			
	a. wanted	b. greeted	c. wished	d. hoped

32/	clothes.	actitite was out o	, so they c	outen't wast any
	a. activity	b. order	c. work	d. condition
33/	The report was ve	ry and al	l details were cov	ered.
	a. exhaustive	b. exhausted	c. wide	d. exacting
34/	When I buy a new	vspaper, I almost	never read the spo	orts
	a. segment	b. section	c. portion	d. department
35/	Heavy snowfalls	have all to	rains.	
	a. cancelled	b. postponed	c. delayed	d. omitted
36/	The car burst into	but the d	lriver managed to	escape.
	a. fire	b. flames	c. heat	d. burning
37/	Many people	the football g	ame at the stadiur	m <sub>ke</sub>
	a. looked		AT 1	
38/	In medieval times	his enem	ny by throwing do	wn his gauntlet.
	a. the challenge		b. a man challen	ged
	c. a man made a challenge		d. his challenge	
			8	
<ii< th=""><th>I&gt; Grammar &amp;</th><th></th><th><b>5</b></th><th></th></ii<>	I> Grammar &		<b>5</b>	
		& Structure		f the following
Ch	I> Grammar &	& Structure		f the following
Ch sen	I> Grammar & cose the best tences.  We won to	& Structure answer to con he game if we'd l	mplete each of	inutes.
Chesen	I> Grammar & cose the best tences.  We won to a. will have	& Structure answer to con the game if we'd l b. will	mplete each of had a few more m c. had	inutes. d. could have
Chesen	I> Grammar & cose the best tences.  We won to	& Structure answer to con the game if we'd l b. will	mplete each of had a few more m c. had	inutes. d. could have
Chesen	I> Grammar & cose the best tences.  We won to a. will have	& Structure answer to con the game if we'd l b. will	mplete each of had a few more m c. had	inutes. d. could have
Chesen	I> Grammar & cose the best tences.  We won to a. will have  If I could speak S	& Structure answer to con he game if we'd l b. will panish, I	mplete each of had a few more m c. had next year studying b. had spent	inutes. d. could have g in Mexico.
Chesen	I> Grammar & cose the best tences.  We won to a. will have  If I could speak So a. will spend  c. would spend	& Structure answer to con he game if we'd l b. will panish, I	mplete each of had a few more m c. had next year studying b. had spent d. would have sp	inutes. d. could have g in Mexico.
Chesen 39/	I> Grammar & cose the best tences.  We won to a. will have  If I could speak So a. will spend  c. would spend	& Structure answer to con the game if we'd l b. will panish, I	mplete each of had a few more m c. had next year studying b. had spent d. would have spent t in the U.S., there	inutes. d. could have g in Mexico.
Chesen 39/	I> Grammar & cose the best tences.  We won to a. will have  If I could speak So a. will spend  c. would spend  antitrust	& Structure answer to con he game if we'd l b. will panish, I laws did not exist	mplete each of had a few more more more to had next year studying b. had spent d. would have spent in the U.S., ther ries.	inutes. d. could have g in Mexico.
Chesen 39/	I> Grammar & cose the best tences.  We won to a. will have  If I could speak So a. will spend  c. would spend  antitrust  much competition	& Structure answer to con the game if we'd l b. will panish, I laws did not exist in certain indust b. If	mplete each of had a few more more more to had next year studying b. had spent d. would have spent in the U.S., ther ries.	inutes. d. could have g in Mexico.  ent e would not be as
Chesen 39/	I> Grammar & cose the best tences.  We won to a. will have  If I could speak So a. will spend  c. would spend  antitrust much competition  a. So  "Did you see he researched"	& Structure answer to con he game if we'd l b. will panish, I in certain indust b. If obbery?"	had a few more m c. had next year studying b. had spent d. would have sp t in the U.S., ther ries. c. For	inutes. d. could have g in Mexico.  ent e would not be as
Chesen 39/	I> Grammar & cose the best tences.  We won to a. will have  If I could speak So a. will spend  c. would spend  antitrust much competition a. So  "Did you see he re" No. All I saw as	& Structure answer to con the game if we'd l b. will panish, I laws did not exist in certain indust b. If obbery?" the thief	mplete each of had a few more more more had next year studying b. had spent d. would have spent in the U.S., there ries.  c. For	inutes.  d. could have g in Mexico.  bent re would not be as d. Also
Chesen 39/40/41/	I> Grammar & cose the best tences.  We won to a. will have  If I could speak So a. will spend  c. would spend  antitrust  much competition  a. So  "Did you see he re"  No. All I saw as a. was dashing	& Structure answer to con the game if we'd is b. will panish, i in certain indust b. If obbery?" the thief b. dashed	mplete each of had a few more more contact and next year studying be had spent downwould have specifies.  It in the U.S., there ries.  It is contact to the bank."  I would have specifies to the U.S., there is a contact to the bank."	inutes.  d. could have g in Mexico.  bent e would not be as d. Also  d. when dashed
Chesen 39/40/41/	I> Grammar & cose the best tences.  We won to a. will have  If I could speak So a. will spend  c. would spend  antitrust  much competition  a. So  "Did you see he re"  No. All I saw as a. was dashing  Daisy, alv	& Structure answer to con the game if we'd l b. will panish, I laws did not exist in certain indust b. If obbery?" the thief b. dashed ways well dressed	had a few more m c. had next year studying b. had spent d. would have sp t in the U.S., ther ries. c. For  out of the bank." c. dashing l, has won the bear	inutes. d. could have g in Mexico.  bent re would not be as d. Also d. when dashed uty contest.
Chesen 39/40/41/	I> Grammar & cose the best tences.  We won to a. will have  If I could speak So a. will spend  c. would spend  antitrust  much competition  a. So  "Did you see he re"  No. All I saw as a. was dashing	& Structure answer to con the game if we'd is b. will panish, i in certain indust b. If obbery?" the thief b. dashed	had a few more m c. had next year studying b. had spent d. would have sp t in the U.S., ther ries. c. For  out of the bank." c. dashing l, has won the bear	inutes.  d. could have g in Mexico.  bent e would not be as d. Also  d. when dashed

44/	chi dren be vaccin		riety of diseases.		
	a, suggestion to al	1	b. that all		
	c. t) all		d. suggests th	at all	
45/	The various types	of bacteria are cl	assified accord	ling to shaped.	
	a. tiey are	b. having	c. how they a	re d. whose	
46/	If you ask Jane, sh	ne will be able	it for you	í.	
	a. cone	b. does	c. she does	d. to do	
47/	that gold Caifornia Gold R		ed at Sutter's	Mill and that the	
	a. Because in 1845	8	b. It was in 18	348	
	c. In 1848 that it v	was	d. That in 184	18	
48/	The thieves knew was hidden.	precisely	_ the collectio	n of priceless jewels	
	a. vhere	b. then	c. who	d. what	
49/	It is good form to	use the name of t	he person		
	a. vho are greetin	g	b. you are gre	eting	
	c. vhich you are g	reeting	d. greeting for you		
50/	In 850 Yale Univ	ersity established	d Sheffield Sci	entist School,	
	a. engineers were				
	b. n which were e		d		
	c. vhere engineers				
<b>.</b> /	d. vhere were eng			anasias of hambaa	
31/	have adapted to te	_	regions, some	e species of bamboo	
	a. Despite	b. Although	c. Nevertheles	ss d. For	
52/	, she mana	ged to walk home	i.	E.	
	a. Her injured foot	1	b. As her inju	red foot	
	c. hough she inju	ired foot	d. In spite of l	ner injured foot	

53/	Employers often r	equire that cand	idates have not on	ly a degree
	a. but two years e	xperience	b, but also two y	ears experience
	c. also two years o	experience	d. but more two	years experience
54/	A hero of the war	of 1812	president of the U	nited States.
	a. Andrew Jackso	n later became		
	b. that Andrew Ja-	ekson later becar	ne	71
	c. who was Andre	w Jackson		
	d. later became A	ndrew Jackson		
55/	The Andromeda			nillion light, years
	away, can be seen		E.	
Section to				d.a galaxy which
56/	If I enoug			
	a. have			
57/	You wouldn't ha	V	the step if you _	where you
	were going at the		b. would be look	ino
	<ul><li>a. had been lookir</li><li>c. would have loo</li></ul>	7		King
59/	struck by			ive
30/	a. As if	1.00		
59/	since the			a. Attitoagii
371	a. The ancestral h			
	b. My mother's ar			
	c. My mother's ar			
	d. My mother's ar			
60/	Benjamin West co			
001	a. painting, teachi			
	b. painting, as a to			
	c. painting, teachi			
	d. painting, a teac			
~I\	V> Error Ident			
		Commence of the Association of t		h contones that
		inea wora or	phrase in eac	h sentence that
	eds correcting.  These computers	are much more	e faster than the	ones that were
01/	a a	b	- 1202111 111011 1110	c c
	previously being			
	d			

62/	The employing rate has been steady for the last three months.
	a b c d
63/	According to the experts, genetic inheritance is probability the most
	a b c
	important factor in determining a person's health.
64/	Today it is unusual for any company to introduce a product without
	a b c
	first making extensive market research.
	d
65/	The system for helping slaves escape to the North was called the
	a
	"Underground Railroad," though it was neither underground or railroad.  b c d
661	
00/	A <u>video tape</u> can be used to <u>analysis</u> a <u>golfer's swing</u> and help
	a b c
	identify problems.
	d
67/	Most pines grow rapidly and form straight, tall trunks that are a b
	ideally for lumber.
	d
68/	Alexander Calder, who was originally interested in mechanical b
	engineering, later became a sculpture.
	c d
69/	The most rapidly expanding segment of the food industry is the
30 AM.	a b c
	freezing food segment.
	d
70/	To building their nests, tailorbirds use their bill as needles.
	a b c d
71/	We usually get measles only once because ours bodies produce
	a b
	special chemical defenses called antibodies.
	c d
72/	An octopus has three hearts to pump blood throughout their body.
	a b c d

- 73/ Teddy Roosevelt <u>demonstrated</u> his <u>competitive</u> spirit and tireless a b energy in 1905 what he <u>led</u> the Rough Riders up San Juan Hill.
- 74/ The "Fairness Doctrine" of the FCC requires that radio and television a stations give equal time to opposing sides of issues controversial.
- 75/ Beethoven began to lose his hearing in 1798 and has become a b c completely deaf by 1824.

#### <V> Reading Comprehension

Read the passage and choose the word or phrase that best fits each space.

#### A. BREAK THE HEART

Smoking is a habit that is <u>(76)</u> linked to certain times and places. If you break these links, you can break the habit. The best way of doing this is to avoid the situations <u>(77)</u> you want a cigarette. If you can't avoid them, then you will just have to fight <u>(78)</u> the temptation. Sit down and think about when and where you usually have a cigarette. For example, do you always have one after breakfast? <u>(79)</u> you stop smoking, these times and places are going to be danger spots, so work out now how you'll (80).

It will also help if you can make new habits to break the old one of smoking, so plan a few new activities to \_\_(81)\_ smoking. Choose things which will distract you and occupy your hands. Some people find it helps if they cut (82)\_ before they actually give up. But don't look on this as a(n) \_\_(83)\_ to giving up, and don't do it for more than a \_\_(84)\_ of weeks at most. The danger is that you could go back to smoking as \_\_(85)\_ cigarettes as before.

76/ a. narrowly	b. tightly	c. closely	d. strongly
77/ a. when	b. where	c. which	d. that
78/ a. away	b. down	c. through	d. off
79/ a. Once	b. Now that	c. Although	d. Because

80/ a. deal with	b. cope	c. manage	d. resolve
81/ a. substitute	b. exchange	c. replace	d. alter
82/ a. down	b. off	c. up	d. back
83/ a. choice	b. variety	c. variation	d. alternative
84/ a. pair	b. few	c. couple	d. double
85/ a. much	b. many	c. more	d. few

В.

In 776 B.C., the first Olympic Games were held at the foot of Mount Olympus to honour the Greek's chief god, Zeus. The warm climate for outdoor activities, the need for preparedness in war, and their lifestyle caused Greek to create competitive sports. Only the elite and military could participate at first, but later the Games were open to all free Greek males who had no criminal record. The Greeks emphasized physical fitness and strength in their education of youth. Therefore, contests in running, jumping, discus and javelin throwing, boxing, and horse and chariot racing were held in individual cities, and the winners competed every four years at Mount Olympus. Winners were greatly honoured by having olive wreaths placed on their heads and having poems sung about their deeds. Originally these contests were held as games of friendship, and any wars in progress were halted to allow the game to take place. They also helped to strengthen bonds among competitors and the different cities represented. The Greeks attached so much importance to the Games that they calculated time in four-year cycles called "Olympiads" dating from 776 B.C. The contests coincided with religious festivities and constituted an all-out effort on the part of the participants to please the gods. Any who disobeyed the rules were dismissed and seriously punished. These athletes brought shamed not only to themselves, but also to the cities they represented.

#### 86/ Which of the following is NOT true?

- a. Winners placed olive wreaths on their own heads.
- b. The games were held in Greece every four years.
- c. Battle were interrupted to participate in the games.
- d. Poems glorified the winner in song.

87/	The word "élite" is closest in meaning to			
	a. aristocracy b. brave	c. intellectuals	d. muscular	
88/	Why were the Olympics held?			
	a. To stop war.	b. To honour Ze	us.	
	c. To crown the best athletes.	d. To sing songs	about athletes.	
89/	Approximately how many years ag	go did these games	originate?	
	a. 800 years b. 1,200 years	c. 2,300 years	d. 2,800 years	
90/	What conclusion can we draw about the ancient Greek?			
	a. They are pacifists.			
	b. They believed athletic events we	ere important.		
	c. They were very simple.			
	d. They couldn't count, so they use	ed "Olympiads" fo	r dates.	
91/	What is the main idea of this passa	ige?		
	a. The Greeks had the games coin			
	they could go back to war when	1770		
	b. The Greeks severely punished	those who did	not participate in	
	physical fitness programs.			
	c. The Greeks had always encouraged everyone to participate in th games.			
	d. Physical fitness was an integral part	t of the lives of the a	ncient Greeks.	
92/	The word "deeds" is closest in me			
	a. accomplishments	b. ancestors		
	c. documents	d. property		
93/	Which of the following was u	ltimately require	d of all athletes	
	competing in the Olympics?			
	a. They must have completed milit		<b>6</b> .	
	b. They had to attend special train	J = 100 100 100	- i	
		h no criminal reco	ra.	
04/		ulu tha sama as		
94/				
05/	50-16- 17	c. curtailed	u. Tixeu	
731		me		
		inc.		
	Constitution of the second of			
		rain.		
	c. They had to be Greek males wit d. They had to be religious.  The word "halted" means most near a encouraged b. started  What is an "Olympiad"?  a. The time it took to finish the gast b. The time between games.  c. The time it took to finish a war.  d. The time it took the athletes to the	arly the same as c. curtailed me.	·	

#### <V> Writing.

#### Choose the sentence (a, b, c or d) which is closest in meaning to the given one.

#### 96/ If only I hadn't come to the party.

- a. I didn't come to the party and now I regret.
- b. I wish I hadn't come to the party.
- c. If I had time. I would come to the party.
- d. If I had had time, I'd have come to the party.

#### 97/ When they arrived the good seats were already taken.

- a. They had to stand for the whole show.
- b. Although they were late they found some good seats.
- c. They got good seats some time after they arrived.
- d. They arrived too late to get good seats.

#### 98/ The onset of the disease is shown by a feeling of faintness.

- a. A feeling of faintness signals the final stage of the disease.
- b. One feels faint if the disease is over.
- c. The first sign of the disease is a feeling of faintness.
- d. Faintness causes the disease.

#### 99/ She likes nothing better than to gather chatting with her friends.

- a. She doesn't want to talk to her friends.
- b. She doesn't like anything.
- c. She likes being with her friends and chatting.
- d. She likes nothing but her friends.

#### 100/ It's thought that the accident was caused by human error.

- a. The accident took place because of thoughtlessness.
- b. Humans' thoughtlessness caused the accident.
- c. The accident is thought to have been caused by human error.
- d. The accident is thought to cause human error.

#### **End of Test**

## TEST YOURSELF E TEST 1

#### <I> Phonetics

#### A. Sounds

Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others in each group.

1/	a. abs <u>e</u> nt	b. ev <u>e</u> nt	c. recent	d. decent
2/	a. doze	b. enclosed	c. money	d. motion
3/	a. <u>o</u> ld	b. <u>o</u> dd	c. p <u>o</u> p	d. t <u>o</u> p
4/	a. p <u>l</u> ush	b. glands	c. calf	d. sp <u>l</u> inter
5/	a. glori <u>ou</u> s	b. gorge <u>ou</u> s	c. spacious	d. ours
6/	a. imit <u>a</u> te	b. expectation	c. fathom	d. d <u>a</u> y
7/	a. <u>s</u> avings	b. cascade	c. season	d. u <u>s</u> ual
8/	a. m <u>ou</u> nt	b. ab <u>ou</u> t	c. through	d. out
9/	a. palace	b. replace	c. case	d. debate
10/	a. general	b. object	c. danger	d. guide

### **B.** Stress

### Identify the word whose stress pattern is different from that of the others in each group.

b. confidential	c. discovery	d. emergency
b. element	c. evaluate	d. elegant
b. civilise	c. corruption	d. analyse
b. strategy	c. maternal	d. humanity
b. submarine	c. ambitious	d. curriculum
b. elephant	c. elegant	d. element
b. potent	c. illegal	d. endangere:d
b. infer	c. officials	d. relic
b. celebrate	c. expand	d. escape
b. pretty	c. ocean	d. marriage
	b. element b. civilise b. strategy b. submarine b. elephant b. potent b. infer b. celebrate	b. element c. evaluate b. civilise c. corruption b. strategy c. maternal b. submarine c. ambitious b. elephant c. elegant b. potent c. illegal b. infer c. officials b. celebrate c. expand

#### 116 2007 Câu TN TA 11

## <11> Vocabulary & Structures.

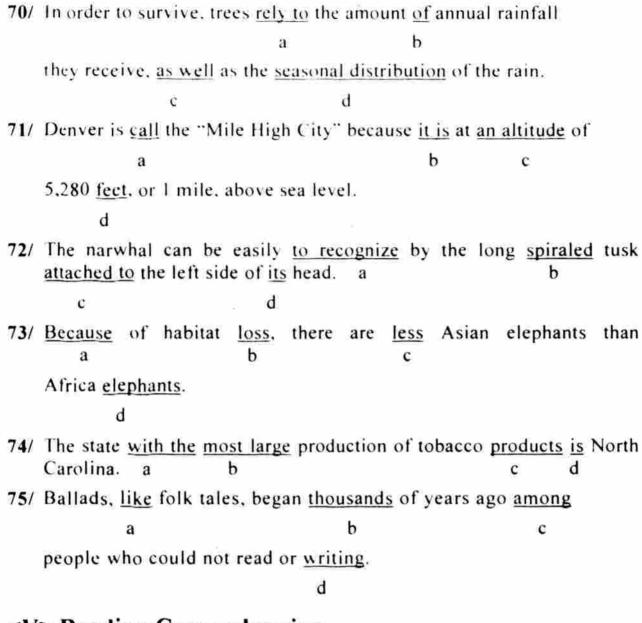
Choose the answer that best fits the blanks in each sentence or substitutes for the underlined word or phrase.

21/				
<b>L</b> 17	To remove the C button.	'D from the com	iputer, you have	to push the
	a. eject	b. reject	c. down	d. exit
22/	I always start my	day with a glass	of orange	juice.
	a. fresh squeezing	<b>S</b>	b. squeezed fres	hly
	c. freshly squeeze	d	d. squeezing fre	sh
23/	That sweater look			
	a. bit	b. much	c. rather	d. even
24/	The children	as many swee	ts as possible into	their pockets.
	a. stuffed			
25/	I bought this shi someone in the			so I'd like to see
	a. mistake			d. complaint
26/	John wasn't feeling the party tonight.	ng very well toda	y, so I th	at he will come to
	a. argue	b. confess	c. suspect	d. doubt
27/	After you have tu	rned over the soi	il, weeded, and _	it, you'll be
	a. cultivating	b. cultivation	c. cultivated	d. cultivate
28/	After the water w	orkers went on st	rike there was a _	of water.
	a drain	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	a. Grain	b. decrease	c. loss	d. shortage
29/	I the offer to			
29/		buy the car becaus	se I didn't have end b. fell through	
29/	I the offer to		se I didn't have end b. fell through	
	I the offer to a. got over	buy the car becaus	se I didn't have end b. fell through d. showed off	
	I the offer to a. got over c. turned down	buy the car becaus	b. fell through d. showed off e-cream.	ough money.
30/	I the offer to a. got over c. turned down We sell fifty diffe	rent of ic	b. fell through d. showed off e-cream. c. flavors	ough money.
30/	I the offer to a. got over c. turned down We sell fifty diffe a. tastes The train was	rent of ic b. makes by a heavy so	b. fell through d. showed off e-cream. c. flavors nowfall.	d. forms
30/ 31/	I the offer to a. got over c. turned down We sell fifty diffe a. tastes The train was a. postponed	rent of ic b. makes by a heavy so b. cancelled	b. fell through d. showed off e-cream. c. flavors nowfall. c. adjourned	d. forms
30/ 31/	I the offer to a. got over c. turned down We sell fifty diffe a. tastes The train was a. postponed I'll meet you in the	rent of ic b. makes by a heavy so b. cancelled he hotel, r	b. fell through d. showed off e-cream. c. flavors nowfall. c. adjourned near the elevator.	d. forms
30/ 31/ 32/	I the offer to a. got over c. turned down We sell fifty diffe a. tastes The train was a. postponed I'll meet you in the	rent of ic b. makes by a heavy so b. cancelled he hotel, r b. facility	b. fell through d. showed off e-cream. c. flavors nowfall. c. adjourned near the elevator. c. entrance	d. forms  d. delayed  d.accommodation

34/	It's important to p	reserve old build	ings as part of you	ur national
	a. inheritance	b. heritage	c. legacy	d. entitlement
35/	Only through dipl	omatic means car	a formal agreem	ent be
	a. reached	b. to reach	c. reaching	d. reach
36/	The audience was	thrilled with the	actor's brilliant _	
	a. stage	b. management	c. behavior	d. performance
37/	The teacher	himself for bei	ng late and then s	tarted the lesson.
	a. excused	b. apologized	c. objected	d. refused
38/	I hope Bob	to finish all of t	he work.	
	a. processed	b. managed	c. equipped	d. distributed
39/	The flashing light	that you	should not cross	the street.
	a. mentions	b. indicates	c. declares	d. introduces
40/	Be careful! Don't	your dri	ink on the table.	
	a. flow	b. spread	c. flood	d. spill
<ii< th=""><th>I&gt; Grammar &amp;</th><th>&amp; Structure</th><th></th><th></th></ii<>	I> Grammar &	& Structure		
Choose the best answer to complete each of the following				
	oose the best	answer to cor	nplete each o	f the following
Ch	oose the best tences.	answer to cor	nplete each o	f the following
Ch sen	tences.		-	
Ch sen	tences. I'm afraid there is	n't coffee	e left; will you gr	ind?
Ch sen 41/	tences.	n't coffee b. any / some	e left; will you gr	ind? d. a / some
Ch sen 41/	tences. I'm afraid there is a. some / any	n't coffee b. any / some well." "Oh, I'm so	e left; will you gr c. any / any orry to hear	ind? d. a / some"
Ch sen 41/ 42/	tences. I'm afraid there is a. some / any "Nigel isn't very a. so	on't coffee b. any / some well." "Oh, I'm so b. this	e left; will you gr c. any / any orry to hear c. that	ind? d. a / some"
Ch sen 41/ 42/	tences. I'm afraid there is a. some / any "Nigel isn't very	on't coffee b. any / some well." "Oh, I'm so b. this	e left; will you gr c. any / any orry to hear c. that	ind? d. a / some"
Ch sen 41/ 42/	tences.  I'm afraid there is a. some / any "Nigel isn't very a. so It's pay-day, and	on't coffee b. any / some well." "Oh, I'm so b. this	e left; will you gr c. any / any orry to hear c. that	ind? d. a / some"
Ch sen 41/ 42/ 43/	tences.  I'm afraid there is a. some / any "Nigel isn't very a. so It's pay-day, and a. for paying c. to be paying	b. any / some well." "Oh, I'm so b. this they're waiting	e left; will you gr c. any / any orry to hear c. that b. to be paid	ind? d. a / some"
Ch sen 41/ 42/ 43/	tences.  I'm afraid there is a. some / any "Nigel isn't very a. so  It's pay-day, and a. for paying	b. any / some well." "Oh, I'm so b. this they're waiting?	e left; will you gr c. any / any orry to hear c. that b. to be paid d. to have paid	ind? d. a / some" d. you
Ch sen 41/ 42/ 43/	tences.  I'm afraid there is a. some / any "Nigel isn't very y a. so  It's pay-day, and y a. for paying c. to be paying  Don't ever do that	b. any / some well." "Oh, I'm so b. this they're waiting again,? b. won't you	e left; will you gr c. any / any orry to hear c. that b. to be paid d. to have paid c. don't you	ind? d. a / some" d. you d. do you
Ch sen 41/ 42/ 43/	tences.  I'm afraid there is a. some / any "Nigel isn't very y a. so It's pay-day, and y a. for paying c. to be paying Don't ever do that a. will you	b. any / some well." "Oh, I'm so b. this they're waiting  again,? b. won't you record player	e left; will you gr c. any / any orry to hear c. that b. to be paid d. to have paid c. don't you	ind? d. a / some _; d. you d. do you udy.
Ch sen 41/ 42/ 43/ 43/	tences.  I'm afraid there is a. some / any "Nigel isn't very a. so  It's pay-day, and a. for paying c. to be paying Don't ever do that a. will you She turned off the	b. any / some well." "Oh, I'm so b. this they're waiting  b. won't you record player b. even if	c. any / any orry to hear c. that b. to be paid d. to have paid c. don't you she could st c. so that	ind? d. a / some _; d. you d. do you udy.
Ch sen 41/ 42/ 43/ 43/	tences.  I'm afraid there is a. some / any "Nigel isn't very a. so  It's pay-day, and a. for paying c. to be paying Don't ever do that a. will you She turned off the a. now that	b. any / some well." "Oh, I'm so b. this they're waiting b. won't you record player b. even if e car sometime so	c. any / any orry to hear c. that b. to be paid d. to have paid c. don't you she could st c. so that	ind? d. a / some _;" d. you d. do you udy.

+ 11	Are you going to Henry's wedding:			
	"Yes, if I	out of town."		
	a. won't be	b. any not	c. may be	d. will be
48/	Just creat	ed the fantastic ja	de masterpieces i	s unknown.
	a, whether	b, why	c. who	d. by whom
49/	disabled	children cannot e	njoy toys designe	d for nondisable
	youngsters is the	subject of the rep	ort.	
	a. What			d. Because
50/	Mary the	novel some time	ago, didn't she?	
	a. reads	b. was reading	c. didn't read	d. read
51/	"I don't know if I	can come with y	ou on that campin	g trip."
	"Well, I want you	me by tor	norrow so I can m	ake first plans."
	a. to tell	b. to tell to	c. tell	d. telling
52/	that Colu	mbus sailed to Ar	nerica.	
	a. In 1942		b. It was in 1942	
	c. That was in 19-	42	d. It is in 1942	
53/	Do you want	wish you or d	lo you want to go	alone?
	a, me coming		b. me to come	
	c. that I come		d. that I will con	ne
54/	If she weren't stu	pid, shef	ail.	
	a. won't			d. dor't
55/	You can take			
	a. as many		c. so much	d. too many
56/	We here		547 × 11	
	a. lived			d. have lived
57/	If we mor			a
3.5			c. had	d. having
58/	ls a post of		ou olles seves	i Art
•	a. here			a. this
59/	Galieo hi			d some built
	a. builds			
60/	It was Sunday			
	a. A	o. One	c. An	u. Some

<iv> Error Identification</iv>
Choose the underlined word or phrase in each sentence that needs correcting.
61/ A turtle differs from all other reptiles in that its body is encased
a b
in a protective shell of their own.
c d
62/ The value of precious gems is determined by their hardness, color, and brilliant. a b c
d
63/ Find in 1933, The New York Sun was the first successful penny
a b c
newspaper.
<b>d</b>
64/ Man's three pounds brain is the most complex and orderly
a
arrangement of matter in the universe.
b c d
65/ The railroad was one of the first methods of transportation to be
a b
use extensively in early American history.
° c d
66/ Astronomers do not know how many galaxies there are, but is it
a b c
thought that there are millions or perhaps billions.
d
67/ The legend of an atlas explains all the symbolizes that appear on the
<u>maps</u> . a b c d
68/ More than 300 different kinds of nails is manufactured in the
a b c d
United States.
69/ Among Thomas Jefferson's many accomplishment was his work
a b c
to establish the University of Virgins.
9



#### <V> Reading Comprehension.

Read the passage and choose the word or phrase that best fits each space.

#### A. WHAT MAKES SOMETHING COLLECTABLE?

Why do some \_\_(76)\_\_ objects become valuable and highly prized by collectors, \_\_(77)\_\_ others will always remain worthless reminders of the past? Hilary Kay, an antiques expert, suggests that \_\_(78)\_\_ what will be valuable in the future, one needs to look \_\_(79)\_\_ to the past. She gives the example of one of the most valuable objects ever brought to her \_\_(80) an expert opinion. It was a French clockwork toy from the \_\_(81)\_\_ of the

century – a fashionably dressed young man smoking a cigarette – which perfectly (82) that age of wealth and leisure. The clockwork toy was then just a cheap object of after-dinner amusement, but today it is (83) around 100,000 pounds.

So which objects produced today will be the collectable \_\_(84)\_\_ of the future? According to Hilary: "You have to look at things in \_\_(85)\_\_ to the time you are living in and try to foresee what it will be remembered (86)\_. There are no guarantees – there will always be a certain \_\_(87)\_ of luck – so it is important to buy for enjoyment \_\_(88)\_\_ investment."

So next time you go \_\_\_(89) \_\_ the contents of your old toy box, remember: it might be just a load of old \_\_\_(90) \_\_, or you could be sitting on a gold mine!

76/ a. daily	b. usual	c. normal	d. everyday
77/ a. while	b. but	c. unless	d. when
78/ a. seeing	b. to see	c. for seeing	d. by seeing
79/ a. up	b. down	c. back	d. forward
80/ a. from	b. with	c. by	d. for
81/ a. beginning	b. start	c, turn	d. origin
82/ a. displayed	b. expressed	c. exhibited	d. demonstrated
83/ a. worth	b. valued	c. deserved	d. validated
84/ a. stuff	b. materials	c. items	d. sections
85/ a. connection	b. relation	c. regards	d. attachment
86/ a. about	b. upon	c. at	d. for
87/ a. amount	b. quantity	c. number	d. deal
88/ a. instead of	b. without	c. rather than	d. rather not
89/ a. over	b. through	c. throughout	d. back
90/ a. rubbish	b. trash	c. garbage	d. junk

B.

Born on January 30<sup>th</sup> 1951. Phil Collins seemed destined for a life on the stage. While his father was in charge if an insurance office, his mother managed a theatre school in London. All three of her children had parts in films. When Phil got a part in the London production of "Oliver", he left school for a career in acting. Meanwhile, he was already playing drums at parties and clubs and had begun to write his own songs, secretly hoping that one day this would be his full-time job. Then, in 1975, something happened that changed his life: he became the drummer of the *Genesis* group.

- 91/ As the passage points out, the pop music singer Phil Collins \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a. was introduced early in his life to the world of entertainment
  - b. got little encouragement from his family
  - c. was the first in his family to go on a stage
  - d. continued his schooling even after he took a part in the musical "Oliver"
- 92/ According to the passage, although Phil Collins began his career in the theatre,
  - a. he did so very unwillingly
    - b. has always dreamed of being a successful businessman like his father
    - c. his real interest lay in music
    - d. he has always disliked being in the public eye
- 93/ The passage tells us that the year 1975 \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a. was a turning point in Phil Collins' life
  - b. was the year in which Phil Collins left the Genesis group
  - c. was when Phil Collins first had a song accepted by Genesis
  - d. was one of great disappointments for Phil Collins

C.

During the Crimean War, Florence Nightingale showed extraordinary qualities of determination and organization ability. In the English hospital

where she worked, conditions at first were terrible; dirt and disease probably caused more deaths among the soldiers than did the wounds received in battle. Still, under these circumstances, Florence Nightingale gradually built up a highly disciplined nursing staff and, together with more adequate medical supplies, she was able to improve adequate conditions and be of real service to soldiers. However, the work was hard, and, as a result, her own health suffered.

- 94/ One important point the passage makes is that Florence Nightingale
  - a. would have been more efficient if she had had a more qualified nursing staff
  - b. was not liked by the nursing staff because of her harsh discipline
  - c. failed to improve conditions in the hospital as she herself had poor health
  - d. overcome, with great efficiency, the problems she faced in a military hospital
- 95/ It is clear from the passage that, because Florence Nightingale was a determined person, with a gift for organizing, she \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a. volunteered to serve in the Crimean War
  - b. was able to succeed in her work
  - c. was widely criticised by her work
  - d. was selected by the army to work as a nurse in this hospital
- 96/ As the writer points out in the passage, conditions in the military hospital were, at the beginning, so bad that \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a. they accounted for more deaths among the soldiers than the war itself
  - b. Florence Nightingale felt that she had little chance of success
  - c. many of the nursing staff fell ill
  - d. medical supplies soon ran out

# <V> Writing

# Choose the sentence (a, b, c or d) which is closest in meaning to the given one.

- 97/ It was impossible to make our way through the crowd.
  - a. To make our way was rather easy with the crowd.
  - b. We could not make our way through the crowd.
  - c. Because of the crowd we could not go.
  - d. Making our way was unable with the crowd.
- 98/ Mr Jones asks his wife to give up her job and stay home with the children.
  - a. Mr Jones would like his wife to stop working and stay at home.
  - b. Mr Jones would like his wife to continue working.
  - c. Mr Jones wants to quit his job.
  - d. Mr Jones wants to stay at home.
- 99/ I lost my key so I had to wait in the rain.
  - a. If I hadn't lost my key, I wouldn't have had to wait in the rain.
  - b. If I didn't lose my key, I wouldn't have to wait in the rain.
  - c. If I hadn't lost my key, I wouldn't have to wait in the rain.
  - d. If I didn't lose my key, I wouldn't have had to wait in the rain.
- 100/ We could make out the church through the fog.
  - a. We could hardly see the church through the fog.
  - b. We could imagine the church through the fog.
  - c. We could perceive the church through the fog.
  - d. We could catch the church through the fog.

# **End of Test**

# TEST 2

#### <I> Phonetics

#### A. Sounds

Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others in each group.

1/ a. soot b. stood c. crook d. too 2/ a. focus b. bone c. son d. no 3/ a. armchair b. kitchen c. chemical d. match 4/ a. gear b. pear c. fear d. spear 5/ a. base b. obey d. tub c. tomb b. zipper 6/ a. zebra c. seizure d. hazy 7/ a. neutral b. sew c. nephew d. renew 8/ b. left d. neck a. pretty c. help 9/ a. bomb b. climb c. table d. comb d. explosion 10/ a. equipment b. psychology c. pencil

## B. Stress

Identify the word whose stress pattern is different from that of the others in each group.

11/	a. ancestor	b. ultimate	c. descendant	d. creature
12/	a. adjacent	b. separate	c. predominance	d. convert
13/	a. conventional	b. preservable	c. companion	d. accuracy
14/	a. perfect	b. motion	c. concentrate	d. accessible
15/	a. luggage	b. command	c. depression	d. effect
16/	a. significant	b. intelligent	c. calculator	d. Americam
17/	a. secondary	b. horizon	c. honorable	d. refuge
18/	a. treasure	b. compare	c. enter	d. physical
19/	a. hospitality	b. generous	c. relative	d. patiently
20/	a. activity	b. isolate	c. ancestor	d. practice

# <II> Vocabulary & Structures.

Choose the answer that best fits the blanks in each sentence or substitutes for the underlined word or phrase.

21/	I would like to apo	ologize for my ba	d	
	a. action	b. activity	c. behavior	d. style
22/	John didn't know about fifty		le would come to	the party but he
	a accounted	b. compared	c. estimated	d. numbered
23/	You play the celle	with a bow		
	a, as for the violin	ţ	b. as is the violin	ĭ
	c. like the violin		d. alike the violi	n
24/	There is to	o be a serious ene	rgy crisis in the n	ext century.
	a. bound			
25/	Lalways shop ther	e because prices	are,	
	a. responsible	b. reasonable	c. relative	d. considerate
26/	He doesn't have th	ne require	d for the position	Lo
	a. certificates		b. qualifications	
	c. applications		<ul><li>b. qualifications</li><li>d. experiments</li></ul>	
27/	Ladies and gentler			
	a. estimated	b. distinguished	c. component	d. established
28/	There is a big States today.	for good l	nigh school teach	ers in the United
	a. command	b. claîm	e, supply	d. demand
	I don't bother to r			
	a. headlines	b. previews	c. weather	d. athletics '
30/	Well-known actor the concert.			
	a. officers	b. leaders	c. celebrities	d. characters
31/	The between	n Mexico and the	United States is	difficult to cross.
	1. edge	b. coast	c. overlap	d. border
32/	Loday's is	s to go to pubs an	d discos.	
	a direction	b. approach	c. trend	d. idea
33/	I find it impossible	e to with	the music on so le	oud.
	1. attend	b. follow	c. devote	d. concentrate

34/	I waited in line	the second of		
	a. hurriedly	b. impatiently	c. immediately	d. uncaringly
35/	Violence should b	be by all p	people.	
	a. judged	b. criticized	c. condemned	d. refused
36/	Taking care of he	r six children is a	big for B	etty.
	a. burden	b. effect	c. action	d. attention
37/	Can you	ne an effective w	ay to stop smokin	g?
	a. instruct	b. advise	c. show	d. suggest
38/	Ann is so	about baseball th	at she never miss	es a game,
	a. concerned	b. optimistic	c. hopeful	d. enthusiastic
39/	He butter			
	a. split			d. spread
40/	Mr. Pike devoted			
	a. for	b. to	c. over	d. about
<b>&lt;</b>	I> Grammar d	& Structure		
Ch	oose the best	answer to cor	nplete each of	f the following
sen	terices.	9		
41/	A construction kit	t consists of parts	that can be	· e*
	a, together they ar	re fitted	b. together are fi	itted
	c. fitted together		d. that when fitte	ed together
42/	Composing more body for energy.	than 40 percent	of the diet, fats a	are by the
	a. using specifical	lly	b. used specifica	lly
	c. specific use		d, the specific us	se
43/	The first nuclear- the U.S Navy in I		the world, the No	unilus. by
	a. when it was lau	nched	b. that was launc	hed
	c. was launched		d. launched	
44/	When is	not know.		
	a. was the wheel i	nvented	b. the invention	of the wheel
	c. the wheel was i	nvented	d. it was invente	d the wheel

437	universe.	ystem may seem	big. it is a very	sman part of the	
	a. Despite	b. Although	c. Even though i	t d. Because	
46/	A spacecraft is fre	ed from friction	launched	into space.	
	a. it	b. it is	c. after is	d. after it is	
<b>4</b> 7/	Java Mar manlike animal.	n, who lived be	fore the first lee	Age, is the first	
	a. Generally belie	ved it is	b. It is generally	believed that	
	c. Believed genera	ılly is	d. That is genera	illy believed	
48/	the really	nice weather. I d	idn't feel like goi	ng out yesterday.	
	a. Despite	b. In spite	c. Although	d. Liven if	
49/	occasion f	for congratulation	15.		
	a. Birthdays that usually considered				
	b. Usually considering birthdays				
	c. Birthdays are u	sually considered			
	d. That birthdays	usually considere	d		
50/	Jamestown, the fi in 1607.	rst permanent En	glish settlement i	n America.	
ŝ	a. it was founded		b. colonists arriv	ed there	
Ĭ	c. was established		d. founded		
51/	The city council select a new mayo	52	N N N N	177 88	
	a. and to	b. but also to	c. and	d. so that	
52/	This one is prettie	r, but it costs	as the other o	one.	
	a. as much as	b. as many	c. twice as much	d. twice as many	
53/	Canada does not r	20	itizens obtain pas	sports to enter the	
	a. Mexico doesn't	either	b. Mexico does	either	
	c. neither Mexico	does	d. either does M	exico	

54/	It is believed	causes in some	nia	
	a. too much caffei	ne	b that too much	cafferne
	c. it is too much e	affeine	d too much cass	eing that
55/	"Do you or your b	prother speak I rei	ich.	
	"I'm afraid	of us does."		
	a. both	b. none	c. neither	d either
56/	"Does November	have 31 days?		
	"No, and several o	other months	(#4) 15	
	a. do too	b. do either	e don't either	d don't 100
57/	The chickens have	died the	intense heat	
	a. although	b. because of	c though	vi. 38
58/	In football., only t	he goalkeeper	the ball with	n his ham <b>ds</b> .
	a. is let touch		b. is allowed too	ehing
	c. lets to touch		d. is allowed to t	ouch
59/	Before the late eig	hteen century, m	ost textiles	at home
	a. produced	b. was produced	c. producing	d. were produced
60/	Either Janet	Mary could have	ve tak <b>e</b> n the mess	age
	a. and	b. else	c. or	d. also
<[ \	/> Error Ident	ification		
nee	oose the underl ds correcting.			
61/	Natural gas was	a probably forme	ed from plants b	and animal that
	decayed million o	f years ago.		
62/	Through the years	, scientists <u>have d</u>	l <u>eveloped</u> smaller b	but increasingly e
	more powerful bardevice.	tteries for the gro	wing number of	

63/ Tore than 80 percent of the labors at the construction site are Emporary workers. 64/ he development of motor skills in babies begins with the head and progress downward through other parts of the body. single company has a monopoly in the long-distance communication industry. 66/ As a result of the Women's Movement, women now holds b positions that were once restricted to men. 67/ Jogging nor dieting, carried to extremes, can be harmful. 68/ Communication satellites can be either launched by rockets and carried into space by space shuttles. 69/ Rattan, a close relative of bamboo, is often used to make tables, chairs, and other <u>furnitures</u>. 70/ These students have improved their grades because of their participates in the test review class. d 71/ A vine climbs from one tree to another, continuing to grow and support itself even when the original supporting tree is not longer alive.

72/ It has been suggested that the battleship Missouri be brought

back to active duty at cost of \$475 million.

c

- 73/ An extremely dangerous forms of cocaine, crack attacks the

  a b

  nervous system, brain, and body in a sharper fashion than cocaine.
- 74/ Almost medical doctors have had some training in psychology a b c d and psychiatry.
- 75/ Plants are known to need about the same vitamins for grow and a b c development as animals do.

# <V>> Reading Comprehension.

Read the passage and choose the word or phrase that best fits each space.

#### A. SPECTATOR SPORTS

A surprising number of popular spectator sports, for example football or baseball, (76) in Europe or the USA in the nineteenth century. This did not happen (77). It was the result of changes in the (78) people lived in those places at that time. Until then more people lived in the country than in towns. They worked in small groups and had no \_\_\_(79) time off. All this changed with the growth of factories and industry in the nineteenth century, first in Europe and (80) in the USA. For the first time most people began to live in towns, and they (81) themselves with regular free time. They had more leisure time than \_\_(82) \_\_ before. This resulted (83) the need for organised entertainment. Suitable games developed or were invented, typically team games, in which the crowded could (84) sides and become involved. This gave people some of the entertainment they need in their free time. The \_\_(85)\_ explosion in TV, with the introduction of satellite and cable channels, has caused an increase in (86) for sports as entertainment. The morey TV has brought to games such as football, tennis and baseball \_\_\_(87) that spectator sports will certainly go on playing an important part in our lives

76/	a, started	b. stemmed	c. came	d. appeared
77/	a. by surprise	b. by chance	c. with accident	d. with chance
78/	a. manner	b. style	c. method	d. way
79/	a, steady	b. square	c. regular	d. normal
80/	a. rext	b. then	c. second	d. lately
81/	a. found	b. realised	c. presented	d. noticed
82/	a, just	b. having	c. ever	d. previously
83/	a. from	b. by	c. with	d. in
84/	a. choose	b. take	c. select	d. decide
85/	a. recent	b. late	c. lately	d. latest
86/	a, reed	b. requirement	c. request	d. demand
87/	a, signifies	b. concludes	c. means	d. states
-				

B.

Although the United States is a large country with many people, the language is almost the same wherever one goes. There are two reasons for this. Ore is that people move around a great deal in the United States. A man may grow up in one part of the country, go to college in another part, find work in another place, and marry a girl from still another part of the country Railroads, airplanes, cars and highways make it easy to travel in America. Many large companies have branches in different areas of the country and transfer their workers from one branch to another. The second important factor is public communication. Movies, radio, and television all have a standard way of speech, and almost everyone in the United States hears it. There are, however, some words and expressions more common in one part of the country than in others. Throughout the history of the United States, large groups of immigrants have come to make their homes and they give new words to the language.

## 88/ In the United States \_\_\_\_\_.

- a. each state has its own language
- b. the language is different from place to place
- c. one cannot go wherever he wants
- d. people travel a great deal

89/	According to the writer	
	a. in America people have to study	only in their native town
	b. means of transport are well-deve	loped
	c. there are no trains and planes	
	d. one cannot marry a girl from and	other state
90/	Many large companies	
	a. do not have branches in other pa	rts
	b. bave branches in different areas	
	c. ao not have their workers work i	n the branches
	d. do not employ workers from diff	erent areas
91/	In the United States, public commu	nication
	a. is not well-developed	b. has no standard way of speech
	c. has a standard way of speech	

- 92/ Which sentence is true?
  - a. In the United States there are a lot of immigrants.
  - b. In the United States there are no immigrants.
  - c. In the United States all words and expressions are the same in every part.
  - d. The American language has no new words.

C.

The famous English detective Thomas Wilson was actually a great lover of music; he often played the violin and even composed some music. He would sometimes spend a whole afternoon, listening to music, and this would make him extremely happy. On such occasions he grew gentle and dreamy, quite unlike the sharp, clever and rather frightening detective that everybody knew him to be. But such a mood rarely lasted long; and when it left him he was more alert and businesslike than ever.

- 93/ The writer describes a side of Detective Wijson's character which
  - a, he thinks is unsuitable for a detective
  - b. eventually led to his downfall
  - c. had a bad effect upon his work
  - d. was little known by the general public
- 94/ The writer points out that, after a quiet afternoon spent in listening to music, Wilson
  - a. found himself behaving in an aggressive manner
  - b. would lose interest in his professional work
  - c. went back to his detective work with greater efficiency
  - d. wished he didn't have to work as a detective
- 95/ We can understand from the passage that Wilson was generally regarded as \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a. an extremely intelligent detective, and one to be feared
  - b. a man of many and varied talents
  - c. rather a cruel person, even a wicked one
  - d. being rather unreliable as a detective

# <V> Writing

# Choose the sentence (a, b, c or d) which is closest in meaning to the given one.

- 96/ The football game will be held, rain or shine.
  - a. There won't be any games if it rains.
  - b. The football game is delayed because of the rain.
  - c. There will be a football game regardless of the weather.
  - d. It always rains or shines when there is a game.
- 97/ He wanted eat nothing but a small sandwich.
  - a. He wouldn't eat anything even a small sandwich.
  - b. He are small pieces of sandwich.
  - c. He would eat other things besides a small sandwich.
  - d. He are only a small sandwich.

## 98/ I have to hurry to deposit this money before the bank closes.

- a. If I hurry, I'll get to the bank before closing time.
- b. The bank is closing my account because I haven't deposited anmoney.
- c. I do not need to hurry to the bank to deposit the money.
- d. I have to take some money out of the bank before it closes.

## 99/ Jill is by far the best chess player I know.

- a. Jill is the best chess player in my village.
- b. Jill is much better a chess player than anyone else I know.
- c. Jill is one of the best chess players in my country.
- d. Jill is better than all her friends.

## 100/ The holiday wouldn't have cost so much if they hadn't gone abroad.

- a. The holiday cost as much as a foreign holiday would cost.
- b. They didn't go abroad for the holiday and didn't spend much.
- c. They had a holiday abroad at a very low cost.
- d. They went abroad for the holiday and spent a lot.

# **End of Test**

# TEST 3

#### <I> Phonetics

#### A. Sounds

Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others in each group.

- 1/ a. creck b. chaos c. cheese d. cherry
- 2/ a. needed b. brushed d. fainted c. wasted
- 3/ a. university b. ugly c. undermine d. under
- 1/ b. fry a. dry d. country c. denv
- 5/ a. horse b. color c. fork d. sword
- b. cunning 6/ a. cate c. traffic d. space
- a. envy b. fly c. milky d. happy
- b. pour c. ourselves d. ours a. monkey b. donkey c. kev d. prev
- b. friend d. energetic 10/ a. event c. senior

## B. Stress

a. hour

8/

Identify the word whose stress pattern is different from that of the others in each group.

- 11/ a. nedium d. mechanism b. mechanic c. metaphor
- d. miracle 12/ a. trigade b. integral c. atmosphere
- 13/ a. inmerse b. commerce c. reverse d. emerge
- 14/ a. unification b. conference d. tension c. conjure
- 15/ a. cefeat b. involvement c. chaotic d. flexible
- b. applicant c. function d. consonant 16/ a. rolitical
- 17/ a, compliment b. maximum c. reflexive d. jealous
- 18/ a. iron d. engine b. system c. economy
- c. compartment d. immediate 19/ a. (ccasion b. voyage
- d. beautiful b. property c. temptation 20/ a. government

# <II> Vocabulary & Structures.

Choose the answer that best fits the blanks in each sentence or substitutes for the underlined word or phrase.

21/	I most of	my problems by	asking a friend fe	or advice.
	a. appoint	b. respond c.	untie	d. solve
22/	The plane	_landed after son	ne difficulties.	
	a. correctly			d. conveniently
23/	I was always taug	ght that it was	to interrupt.	
	a. coarse	b. rude	c. rough	d. crude
24/	Judy is so	that she cries ov	er trivial matters.	
	a. nervous	b. impatient	c. emotional	d. tearful
25/	I can't borrow ar	ny books from the	e library because	my library card is
	a. expired	b. ended	c. stopped	d. concluded
26/	Because of heavy	rain, the game w	as put for	a few days.
	a. off	b. out	c. up	d. away
27/	She finally	_ to find a gas sta	ation that was ope	n.
	a. arranged	b. managed	c. aimed	d. achieved
28/	Thanks to my rais	se. I've been able	to more r	noney lately.
	a. require	b. supply	c. save	d. check
29/	Violence on TV			
	a. consequence			
30/	I've been workin	g so hard that I ne	ed	
	a. a breath	b. a pause	c. an interval	d. a break
31/	I was very surpr	ised when I read	I that exciting no	ovel the first
	a. as	b. in	c. for	d. by
32/	The compact disc	is one of the grea	atest ever	developed.
	a. creations	b. makings	c. inventions	d. constructions
33/	The tourists were checked.	re stopped at the	e to hav	ve their passports
	a. territory	b. border	c. board	d. area

34/	In all arees childre	stoll szel <sup>1</sup> its	to play i	4)	
	a ground	5 place	c. space	d area	
35/	Bei leti s	chool when he re	alized how la	ate he was	
	a cesperately	b, carelessly	c hastily	d certainly	
36/	Show me how to the Internet.	the phon	e line to my	computer so I can use	
	a connect	b. fasten	c. apply	g, ioin	
37/	There told you	not to do ti	rate.		
	a. a hundred time		b. hundred	times	
,	c. many hundreds				
38/	"Did you have a firs few days:			ather was rainy for the	•
	a. other than	b. rather than	c. as well a	s d. though	
<ii< th=""><th>l&gt; G rammar a</th><th>&amp; Structure</th><th></th><th></th><th></th></ii<>	l> G rammar a	& Structure			
			nnlete esc	h of the following	•
	tences.	answer to cor	mpiere cae	n of the following	•
39/	In November of famous "March to	1863, the city of the Sea",	Atlanta	during Sherman	S
	a, vas completely	burned	b. complete	ly burning	
	c. i was burned c	ompletely	d. complete	ely burned it	
40/	The sport of Administration (I	hang gliding	by by	the Federal Aviation	1
	a, regulated it		b. is regula	ted	
	c. trait was regula	ted	d. that it wa	as regulated	
41/	Diros aurs are tho	ught to m	illions of ye	ars ago.	
	a. die out		b. have die	d out	
	c. having died out		d. dying ou	t	
42/	We managed to g	et to the game on	time	the heavy traffic.	
	a, trough	b. in spite	c. despite	d. however	
43/	"I com't want to s	tay home tonight.	en. U		
	"W:11, 1	o.			
	a. or either	b. do	c. do too	d. too	

44/	Finally, L	contact him late I	ast night.	
	a. could	b. was able to	c. might	d. must
45/	cockroach	7/		cation is generally
	a. When the	b. It is the	c. That the	d. The
46/	I'm late,?			
	a. am 1 not	b. aren't l	c. won't l	d. don't l
47/	Let's go for a coff	fee?		
	a. will we	b, shall we	c. won't we	d. shouldn't we
48/	He went into the b			
	a. to be taking			d. and taking
49/	That is problem.	the govern	nment is now deal	ing.
	a. to which			
50/	It is a fact that	form of ener	rgy.	
	a. electricity is the	e most useful	b. electricity the	most useful
	c. the most useful	in electricity	d. electricity bei	ng the most useful
51/	It was a difficult p	problem, but final	ly he solv	e it.
	a. was able to	b. could	c. is able to	d. can
52/	You go ou	at alone at night in	n this area.	
	a. should	b. oughtn't	c. hadn't better	d. had better not
53/	A collectible coir when it was made		condition when	it looks as it did
	a. to be is said	b. said is to be	c. is to be said	d. is said to be
54/	"Do you want to p	olay baseball?"		
	"I haven't played	that game		
	a. since a long tim	ie ago	b. since a long ti	me
	c. a long time ago		d. for a long time	e
55/	Help me?	<b>)</b> H		
	a. will you	b. do you	c. won't you	d. don't you
56/	What did you do a			
	a. was ending			d. is ended
57/	very upse			The second secon
	a. ls	b. He'll be	c. Will be	d. He would be

58/	you work	harder, you are g	oing to fail your	exam.
	a. f	b. Unless	c. Although	d. Because
59/	Many scientists hand number of tasks.	ive shown	can be used fo	r an ever increasing
	a, that lasers how	b. lasers how	c. how lasers	d.hat what lasers
<[\	V> Error Ident	ification		
	oose the underl	ined word or	phrase in ea	ch sentence that
		artistic achiever	nents <u>rank</u> in b	importance with
	scientific achieve musicals for centu- c		upheld by pai	nters, writers, and
61/	To improvement	the <u>stability</u> of th	ne building, a co	oncrete foundation
	two feet thick mu	st be installed.		
	c	d		
62/	The pantelgraph.	which <u>was invent</u> a	<u>ed</u> in 1865 in Fr	ance, proved <u>quite</u> b
	successful as the f	•	<u>modern</u> -day fax- d	
63/	It is imperative that	at a graduate <u>mai</u>	ntains a grade po b	oint average of "B" c
	in <u>tis</u> major field. d			
64/	Every fuel has the burn. a	eir own particula	r temperature at b	which it begins to
65/	Jack London, who during the Klondik		or <u>his stories of</u> b	Alaska, lived there
	d			
66/	In 1786 Benjamin	Franklin first sug	ggested day light	savings time as a
			!	
	means of cutting of	lown on the const	umes of candles	
	741.		.i	

67/	An alligator is an animal somewhat like a crocodile, but with a broad, flatten snout.  a b e d
68/	Dinosaurs are classified as reptiles, although some appear to have a b
	been warms-blooded.
	d
69/	About twenty-eight million Americans suffer serious hearing loss, and
	the <u>likely</u> cause in more than a third of the cases <u>are</u> too a
	b c
	much exposure to loud noise.
	d
70/	Because helicopters are capable of hovering in midair, they are a
	particularly useful for rescue missions, military operates, and
	c d
	transportation.
71/	Few natural prairie regions remain in the world because of most of a b
	them have been turned into farms or grazing land.
	c d
72/	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
	d The first form of the state o
73/	Today, the glaciers of the world occupies about 10 percent of the a b c d
	Earth's surface.
/4/	Before TV, the common man seldom never had the opportunity to see
	and hear his leaders express their views.
	e d
75/	Morse code was an important way to send message before the
	telephone and radio are invented.
	d
142	2007 Cấu TN TA 11

# <V> Reading Comprehension.

Read the passage and choose the word or phrase that best fits each space.

#### Α.

Humans have long been fascinated by outer space, and have wondered if there are intelligent life-forms \_\_976) \_\_, which we might be able to contact \_\_(77) \_, we've all seen space creatures on our TV and cinema screens, but "aliens" like these owe more to the \_\_(78) \_ of using human (79) \_\_ o play the parts than to any real form of \_\_(80) \_ investigation. However, many serious space \_\_(81) \_ are now beginning to turn their attentior to the question of what alien life might \_\_(82) \_ look like. One early result is Arnold the Alien, \_\_(83) \_ by biologist. Dougal Dixon. This strange being, \_\_(84) \_ humans, has its eyes, ears and limbs in groups of three instead of pairs but, despite its odd \_\_(85) \_, its behaviour is not very differen from our own.

76/	a. e se	b. elsewhere	c. where else	d.something else
77/	a. naturally	b. nature	c. naturalist	d. natural
78/	a. convenience	b. convenient	c. inconvenient	d. inconvenience
79/	a. act	b. action	c. actors	d. activity
80/	a. science	b. scientist	c. scientific	d. scientifically
81/	a. research	b. researchers	c. researcher	d. researching
82/	a. actual	b. inactual	c. unactual	d. actually
83/	a. designed	b. design	c. designing	d. designer
84/	a. lisely	b. alike	c. like	d. unlike
85/	a. appear	b. appearance	c. disappearance	d. appearances
B.				

Before man had flown in space it was thought that his physical and mental capabilities might be affected by long periods of weightlessness, and that he might be endangered by high levels of radiation. Yuri Gagarin's first space flight in April 1961 showed that man could live in space and, although this journey only lasted for 108 minutes, it gave encouragement to those interested in the future of manned space flight. In

fact most of the early fears about man's health in space have proved groundless, and although several odd medical effects have been observed, none has seriously affected man's ability for useful work. All astronauts undergo strenuous training to prepare them for the experience of space flight but, despite this, most astronauts suffer from space sickness early in their flights.

This effect similar to sea sickness, soon wears off, and there appears to be no medical reason why man cannot live in space for long periods of time. A constant check is kept on the health of all astronauts during their mission. Small medical detectors which monitor their heartbeats, pulse rates, breathing and temperature are taped to their bodies.

All food eaten in space so far has been prepared on earth. The alternative possibilities of making food from waste products or growing it in space have received little serious consideration. The first space foods were simply baby foods. In the first American space flights, astronauts ate natural foods in dried bite-sized squares or in a form that could be mixed with cold water and squeezed into the mouth. The squares were coated to prevent them breaking up into small pieces, and their corners were rounded to prevent them cutting the astronauts' mouths. Later astronauts ate "sticky" foods with a spoon, and hot as well as cold water was available for making up the dried meals. These two developments have made eating in space much more pleasant.

- 86/ Yuri Gagarin's first space flight showed \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a. scientists could develop weapons in space
  - b. human beings could survive well in space
  - c. astronauts would not suffer from space sickness
  - d. all the scientific equipment worked well
- 87/ How is the health of human beings affected in space?
  - a. The effects can be unpleasant but harmless.
  - b. There is a slight risk of heart problems.
  - c. Longer space flights are more dangerous to health.
  - d. Space sickness lasts throughout the flight.

88/ What do we learn of early space food?

- a. It was surprisingly tasty.
- b. The edges cut the astronauts' mouths.
- c. It was eaten cold.
- d. It was inconvenient because it dissolved.

89/ How has space food improved since the first space flights?

- a. Baby food has been cut from the diet.
- b. The food is now produced in bite-sized squares.
- c. Some normal food is now available.
- d. There is a greater variety of foods available.
- 90/ The word "endangered" means most nearly the same as \_\_\_\_\_.a. killedb. destroyedc. put in dangerd. polluted

C.

As viewed from space. Earth's distinguishing characteristics are its blue waters and white clouds. Enveloped by an ocean of air consisting of 78% nitrogen and 21% oxygen, the planet is the only one in our solar system known to harbor life. Circling the Sun at an average distance of 149 million km (93 million miles), Earth is the third planet from the Sun and the fifth largest planet in the solar system.

Its rapid spin and molten nickel-iron core give rise to an extensive magnetic field which, coupled with the atmosphere, shields us from nearly all of the harmful radiation coming from the Sun and other stars. Most meteors burn up in the Earth's atmosphere before they can strike the surface. The planet's active geological processes have left no evidence of the ancient pelting it almost certainly received soon after it was formed. The Earth has a single natural satellite – the Moon.

- 91/ The main idea of this passage is that \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a, there are life-supporting characteristics on Earth
  - b. Earth is predominantly water
  - c. Earth has no common characteristics with other planets
  - d. Earth is the only planet with a moon

	a. elevating in nature
	b. devastating in nature
	c. characteristics like all other planets
	d. characteristics that set it apart from other planets
93/	It's probable that the next paragraph would discuss
	a. people on planets
	b. the solar system as a whole
	c. the Earth's natural satellite - the Moon
	d. rings around Saturn
94/	As used in this selection, the word "harbor" is synonymous with
	a. support b. surround c. water d. incluide
95/	This selection leads one to believe that Earth
	a. never gets hit by meteors
	b. always gets hit by meteors
	c. was hit by meteors in some past time period
	d. may be bombarded by meteors in the near future
<v< th=""><th>&gt; Writing</th></v<>	> Writing
	oose the sentence (a, b, c or d) which is closest in meaning to given one.
96/	It's likely to rain this afternoon.
	a. The afternoon looks like being dry.
	b. There's no chance of rain this afternoon.
	c. The afternoon will probably be wet.
	d. It will rain this afternoon.

146

#### 97/ It was impossible to find the stolen car.

- a. The stolen car could not be found anywhere.
- b. The stolen car was unable to go anywhere.
- c. It was possible to find the car stolen.
- d. We could go anywhere to find the stolen car.

# 98/ There was not much resemblance between the final version and the initial draft.

- a. The final version is very similar to the initial draft.
- b. The initial draft is exactly the same as the final version.
- e. The final version and the initial draft resemble in many ways,
- d. The final version is quite different from the initial draft.

# 99/ "I have lost my passport," said Maggy.

- a. Maggy told me to take her passport.
- b. Maggy said her passport was new.
- c. Maggy said she had lost her passport.
- d. Maggy advised me not to lose my passport.

#### 100/ Their problems are all self-inflicted.

- a. All of their problems are well worth considering.
- b. They don't cause their own problems.
- e. They are thinking about their problems.
- d. Their problems are of their own making.

# **End of Test**

# TEST YOURSELF F TEST 1

### <I> Phonetics

#### A. Sounds

Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others in each group.

	The Artist State of the State o		TOTAL TO SECURITY SECURITY FOR	
1/	a. d <u>i</u> al	b. <u>i</u> diot	c. vital	d. tr <u>i</u> al
2/	a. echo	b. <u>ch</u> aracter	c. <u>ch</u> erish	d. <u>ch</u> orus
3/	a. surface	b. surge	c. b <u>u</u> ry	d. fur
4/	a. melancholy	b. <u>ch</u> ase	c. <u>ch</u> arity	d. <u>ch</u> arge
5/	a. century	b. <u>c</u> ulture	c. <u>c</u> oin	d. <u>c</u> amel
6/	a. h <u>i</u> gh	b. m <u>i</u> nd	c. wind	d. tjnd
7/	a. cleaned	b. received	c. repli <u>ed</u>	d. laugh <u>ed</u>
8/	a. gnash	b. grievance	c. guilt	d. grey
9/	a. resign	b. wrist	c. Chr <u>i</u> st	d. fight
10/	a. e <u>x</u> am	b. exaggerate	c. lu <u>x</u> urious	d_maximum

## **B.** Stress

# Identify the word whose stress pattern is different from that of the others in each group.

11/ a. transportation	b. exultation	c. raincoat	d. comprehend
12/ a. architecture	b. shelter	c. exclude	d. federally
13/ a. compressor	b. confess	c. conquest	d. condolence
14/ a. curricular	b. repetitious	c. historical	d grammatical
15/ a. pioneer	b. destination	c. artificial	d essential
16/ a. diplomatic	b. disappear	c. memorial	d. presidential
17/ a. supposed	b. capacity	c. perpendicular	d disorganized
18/ a. rescue	b. impair	c. lifeboat	d second
19/ a. desire	b. police	c. energy	d companion
20/ a. feature	b. tendency	c. necessity	d natural

# <II> Vocabulary & Structures.

Choose the answer that best fits the blanks in each sentence or substitutes for the underlined word or phrase.

21/	/ The police officer the		ief to hand over the jewels.			
	a. proved	b. demanded	c. ordered	d. conducted		
22/	I don't know the a	inswer. I	that you ask that	man over there.		
	a. provide	b. assume	c. suggest	d. choose		
23/	You'd better leav	e for the airport	now ther	e's a lot of traffic		
	on the way.					
	a. in fact	b. in time	c. in order	d. in case		
24/	Mars's face	red whenever	she becomes ang	ry.		
	a. cclors	b. turns	c. changes	d. comes		
25/	"Hox can	you finish that w	ork?"			
	"In an hour or so."	•				
	a. scon	b. far	c. often	d. much		
26/	I had to go	o with them, but t	hen I couldn't.			
	a. pretended	b. intended	c. reflected	d. constructed		
27/	Why are you look	ing at me so	? Don't you be	lieve me?		
	a. suspiciously	b. remarkably	c. apparently	d. secretly		
28/	Youmust	that your safety l	selt is fastened.			
	a. cłeck	b. secure	c. examine	d. guarantee		
29/	Everyone was	that the man	was lying.			
	a. approved	b. convinced	c. believed	d. considered		
30/	Jane to the	e teacher for a be	tter grade.			
	a. supported	b. provided	c. appealed	d. preferred		
31/	His colleagues dis	like him because	he's very			
	a. narrowly minde	d	b. narrow minde	d		
	c. narrowed mind		d. narrow mind			
32/	I go out s	ince I have so mu	ich homework to	do.		
	a. net never	b. hardly ever	c. not ever	d. hardly never		
33/	As as I kno	w, we have not re	eceived a bill for t	the new computer.		
	a. mach	b. far	c. soon	d. long		

34/	Under no	should this door	be left unlocked.	
	a. situation	b. happening	c. events	d. circumstances
35/	Cathy has a really	short Si	ne gets angry easi	ly.
	a. anger	b. patience	c. temper	d. attention
36/	What are your	of passing th	ne test?	
	a. chances	b. opportunities	c. ideas	d. predictions
37/	The little boy was	able to describe	the thief	
	a. definitely	b, accurately	c. closely	d, especially
38/	Could you keep	on my dog	while I'm away?	
	a. a hand	b. an eye	c. an ear	d. a nose
39/	I think you shou final decision.	ld the joi	o offer carefully	before you gi e a
	a. think	b. reflect	c. consider	d. regard
40/	Jenny didn't want	to be beca	iuse she was stud	ying for her exim.
	a. disturbed	b. spoiled	c. complicated	d. messed
<]]	a. disturbed  I> Grammar &	2 20	c. complicated	d. messed
	l> Grammar &	& Structure		d. messed  f the following
Ch	l> Grammar &	& Structure		
Ch sen	I> Grammar &	& Structure answer to con	nplete each o	f the following
Ch sen	I> Grammar & cose the best tences.	& Structure answer to con	nplete each o	f the following
Ch sen	I> Grammar & cose the best tences. Thaven't received	& Structure answer to con	nplete each o	f the following address. een sent
Ch sen 41/	I> Grammar & cose the best tences. I haven't received a. must send	& Structure answer to condition the letter. It	nplete each or to the wrong b. might have be d. have been sen	f the following address. een sent
Ch sen 41/	I> Grammar & cose the best tences. I haven't received a, must send c, is sent Helen to la, they considered	& Structure answer to con the letter. It be the best athlete	to the wrong b. might have be d. have been sen in our school. b. is considering	f the following address een sent
Ch sen 41/	I> Grammar & cose the best tences. I haven't received a. must send c. is sent	& Structure answer to con the letter. It be the best athlete	nplete each of the wrong b. might have be d. have been sen	f the following address een sent
Ch sen 41/ 42/	I> Grammar & cose the best tences. I haven't received a, must send c, is sent Helen to la, they considered	& Structure answer to con the letter. It be the best athlete	to the wrong b. might have be d. have been sen in our school. b. is considering	f the following address een sent
Ch sen 41/ 42/	I> Grammar & cose the best tences. I haven't received a. must send c. is sent Helen to l a. they considered c. is considered	& Structure answer to con the letter. It be the best athlete ave your book?"	to the wrong b. might have be d. have been sen in our school. b. is considering d. it is considere	f the following address. een sent
Ch sen 41/ 42/	I> Grammar & cose the best tences.  I haven't received a must send c. is sent  Helen to la. they considered c. is considered "Does John still h	& Structure  answer to condithe letter. It  be the best athlete  ave your book?"  to give it back	to the wrong b. might have be d. have been sen in our school. b. is considering d. it is considere	f the following address. en sent it
Ch sen 41/ 42/	I> Grammar & cose the best tences. I haven't received a. must send c. is sent Helen to l a. they considered c. is considered "Does John still h "Yes, but he	& Structure answer to condithe letter. It be the best athlete ave your book?" to give it back b. is supposed	to the wrong b. might have be d. have been sen in our school. b. is considering d. it is considere	f the following address. en sent it

45/	Scientists cannot a	agree on	related to other or	ders of insects.
	a, that fleas are	b. how fleas are	c. how are fleas	d. fleas that are
46/	In 1986 Run DM			an album that
	ranked in the top	in the United Stat	es.	
	a. for producing	b. to produce	c. by production	d. produce
47/	Because of a lac	k of snow, three	thousand Ameri	can soldiers were
	hired in si	now for the ski tra	ails in 1964.	
	a, bringing	b. brought	c, to bring	d. bring
48:	"Did you make th	at nice dress your	self?"	
	"No. I had	100 20		
	a, it made		b. made it	
	c, for me it made		d. made it for me	3
49/	When mother	this mess, sh	e will become rea	lly upset.
	a, sees	b. will see	c, may see	d. will be seeing
50/	Although most ca	ts hate to swim.	if necessar	<b>y</b>
	a, can they do so		b. they can do so	,
	c, they do so can		d. so they can do	1
51/	The children were	e warned not	in the retent	ion pond because
	the water was pol-	luted and a large a	alligator called it	home.
	a. swim	b. swimming	c. to swim	d. should swim
52/	There was nothing	g to do th	an wait.	
	a, another	b. other	c. others	d. except
53/	Rarely mo	ore than 50 miles	from the coast.	
	a, redwood trees g	grow	b. redwood trees	do grow
	c. grow redwood t	rees	d. do red wood t	rees grow
54/	In addition to th	ne constant threa	at of being repla	aced by younger,
	healthier athletes.	. professional fo	otball players ris	k career-
	ending injuries on	virtually every d	ay.	
	a, to suffer		b, who suffer	
	c . suffering that w	hich	d. suffering	

22/	rears anger and tension naturally.				
	a. are relieved		b. relieving		
	c. relieve	.=.	d. what they reli	ieve	
56/	"Bill is really drui	nk!"			
	"He's not going to	drive home like	that, he?	••	
	a. doesn't	b. does	e. isn't	d. is	
57/	"How long have y	ou known John?"	•		
	"We've been very	good friends	high school.	2.5	
	a. at	b. since	e. from	d. in	
58/	Elephants evolved	from animals tha	it much l	arger than pigs.	
	a. were not	b. nor were	c. were no	d. not were	
59/	Cloud formations	are categorized	into four basic	groups, based on	
	their altitude, appearance, and the amount of water				
	a. contain of		b. contain		
	c. they contain		d. they are conta	ined	
60/	The higher the cor	ntent of carbon di	oxide in the air,	•	
	a. the more heat it	retains .	b. than it retains	more heat	
	c. it retains more l	neat	d. more heat it r	etains	
\</th <th>V&gt; Error Ident</th> <th>ification</th> <th></th> <th></th>	V> Error Ident	ification			
	oose the underl ds correcting.	ined word or	phrase in eac	h sentence that	
	Balloons rise into t	he air because the	y contain a gas w	ho is less dense, or	
	a		Ь	c	
	lighter, than air.				
63/	d The cooper contain	a abaut 07 naraan	t of the world's w	atus cumply and	
02/	The oceans contain	b	t of the world's w	c	
	about another 2 pe		d's water supply		
	about another 2 pe	cem with the work	a a mater suppry	d .	
				-	

63/	a b	ng as	member	s of the	preside	m s	capin	et. the
	attorney general is the	e head	of justice	e Departm	ent.			
	d		77	,				
64/	One of Mark Twain's	major	achieve	nents wer	e the w	av he	narra	ated
	a	•*		b			d	
	Huckleberry Finn.							
65/	Because of the kit for	c is <u>an</u>	endanger	ed specie	s, wildl	ife e	perts	in the
	a	b						
	California desert are	using v	arious m	ethods to	protect	<u>it</u> .		
		c				d		
66/	The first photocopy	was	taken <u>or</u> a	October	22. 1	938	by C	hester
	Carlson, a patent clereasier.	rk who	has inv	ented the	process	to n	nake 1	his job
	d							
67/	It is important that cance	er <u>is</u> <u>dia</u>	agnosed a	nd treated a	s early a	is pos	<u>sible</u>	
67/	It is important that cance	er <u>is dia</u> a	agnosed ar b	nd treated <u>a</u>	s early a	s pos	<u>sible</u>	
67/	It is important that cance in order to assure a succ	a	b	nd treated <u>a</u>	s early a		<u>sible</u>	
67/		a	b	nd treated <u>a</u>	s early a		<u>sible</u>	
	in order to assure a succ	a ressful c	b cure.	er the pric		c		<u>buyer</u> . d
68/	in order <u>to assure</u> a succ d It should not be <u>assur</u>	a ressful on me that	b cure. t the <u>lower</u>	er the pric	e. <u>the h</u>	c appid	er the	d
68/	in order <u>to assure</u> a succ d It should not be <u>assur</u> a	a ressful on me that	b cure. t the <u>lower</u>	er the pric	e. <u>the h</u>	c appid c a de	er the	d
68/	in order to assure a succed  d It should not be assure a  Katherine Ross, who have	a ressful o me that nas mai	b cure. t the <u>lowers</u> ty years c	e <u>r the</u> pric o experience	e. <u>the h</u> as <u>both</u> b	appio c a de	er the	d
68/	in order to assure a succedure during the should not be assure a Katherine Ross, who had a	a ressful o me that nas mai	b cure. t the <u>lower</u> ty years c	e <u>r the</u> pric o experience	e. <u>the h</u> as <u>both</u> b	appio c a de	er the	d
68/ 69/	in order to assure a succe d It should not be assure a Katherine Ross, who has a manager, was recented c Cement is an importa	a ressful one that has man	b cure. t the <u>lower</u> hy years c in charg d	er the price experience e the art d	e, <u>the h</u> as <u>both</u> b epartme	appio c a des	er the	d and
68/ 69/	in order to assure a succe d It should not be assure a Katherine Ross, who has a manager, was recented c Cement is an importa	a ressful one that has man tly put nt, sign a	b cure. t the <u>lowed</u> ny years c in charg d nificant i	er the price experience e the art d	e. <u>the h</u> as <u>both</u> b  epartme	appio c a des	er the signer	d and ncrete.
68/ 69/	in order to assure a succe d It should not be assure a Katherine Ross, who has a a manager, was recent c Cement is an importate Diamonds have the	a ressful one me that mas man tly put nt, sign a unique	b cure.  t the lower the l	er the price experience e the art d	e. <u>the h</u> as <u>both</u> b  epartmo	appio c a des	er the signer	d and ncrete.

72/	All employees	s are given	at less two	weeks of vac	ation <u>every year</u> .
	a		b	· C	d
73/	Although colo	r is <u>a minor</u>	factor in so	il composition	i, it is excellent
	a	b			c
	characteristic b	y which to	distinguish (	<u>lifferent</u> soil l	ayers.
				d	
74/	Latex rubber the sapodilla f		om a milky b	substantial c	in plants and <u>trees of</u> d
75/	It is extremely	important <u>f</u> e	or an engine	er <u>to know</u> to	use a computer.

# <V> Reading Comprehension.

Read the passage and choose the word or phrase that best fits each space.

d

#### A. THE PYRAMID BUILDERS

The building of the pyramids in Ancient Egypt obviously (76) a vast labour force, but the \_\_\_(77) \_\_ image of gangs of Egyptians being forced to work is probably incorrect. In fact it seems that though prisoners of war did some of the heavy work and the maintenance jobs, most of the (78) labourers were farmers who worked during the flood periods when farming was (79) anyway. The labourers were probably paid (80) food - because money did not yet (81) - and organised in groups with (82) names such as "Hardworking Gang" or "Strong Gang". (83) the traditional picture of thousands of slaves being struck with whips is unlikely to be true, paintings do show supervisors carrying metre-long sticks which were not simply (84) of office. One architect. Nekhobu. (85) that he never hit a workman (86) enough to knock him down. The Greek historian Herodotus gave traditional figures for the work force of one of the pyramids as 100,000 men replaced (87) three months for a period of 20 years. It is impossible to prove or disprove these figures, but they had doubtless been \_\_88\_\_ overestimated. Housing that was found in

the desert (89) the west of one of the pyramids would have accommodated a (90) work force of no more than 4000.

76/ a. consumed	b. required	c requested	d. demanded
77/ a. common	b. normal	c. popular	d. usual
78/ a. crdinary	b. common	c. normal	d. usual
79/ a. unable	b. unlikely	c. improbable	d. impossible
80/ a. Fy	b. in	c, with	d. for
81/ a. exist	b. realise	c. appear	d. emerge
82/ a. provoking	b. stimulating	c. encouraging	d. exciting
83/ a. Fecause	b. So that	c. Unless	d. Although
84/ a. tokens	b. symbols	c. signs	d. indicators
85/ a. sooke	b. told	c. boasted	d. explained
86/ a. hard	b. strong	c. violently	d. vehemently
87/ a. each	b. by	c. after	d. every
88/ a. largely	b. exceedingly	e. wildly	d. excessively
89/ a. towards	b. to	c. in	d. by
90/ a. rermanent	b. constant	c. lasting	d. durable

#### В.

The ruined temples of Angkor are perhaps one of the most impressive Seven Wonders of the World. Located in modern day Cambodia near Lake Tonle Sap, the largest freshwater lake in Asia, Angkor was the <u>seat</u> of power for the Khmer Empire from the ninth to the fifteenth century. The ruins of Angkor are documented as some of the most impressive ones in the world, rivaling the pyramids of Giza in Egypt. Why this mighty civilization died out is a question that archeologists are now only beginning to ponder. The answer, it turns out, may be linked with the availability of fresh water.

One possible explanation for the downfall of the Khmer Empire has to do with the inhabitants' irrigation system. The temple and palaces of Angkor were constructed around a series of artificial reservoirs and canals which were annually flooded to capacity by the Mekong River. Once field, they were used to irrigate the surrounding rice patties and farmland during the course of the year. Farmers were completely dependent upon the water for their crucial rice crop. Without consistent irrigation, the farmers would have been unable to maintain functional crop production.

Scientists speculate that toward the end of the Khmer Empire the hydraulic systems of the reservoirs and canals broke down. The construction of hundreds of sandstone temples and palaces required an enormous amount of physical labor. In addition, as the capital of the Khmer Empire, Angkor contained upwards of one hundred thousand people who resided in and around Angkor. In order to feed so many people, the local farmers were driven to grow food quicker and more efficiently. After centuries of continual use, the irrigation system was pushed beyond its capacity. Soil erosion, nutrient depletion, and the loss of water led to decrease in the food supply. With less food available, the people of Angkor slowly began to migrate to other parts of Cambodia thus leaving the marvelous city of Angkor to be swallowed by the jungle. Therefore, it is speculated that the Khmer Empire may have fallen victim its own decrepit infrastructure.

- 91/ What is the passage mainly about?
  - a. Modern day agricultural procedures in Cambodia.
  - b. A possible explanation for the decline of a civilization.
  - c. The essential role water plays in farming.
  - d. Religious temples of the ancient Khmer Empire.
- 92/ The passage preceding the passage most likely discusses \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a, architecture of ancient Asian civilization
  - b. religious practices of the people of Angkor
  - c. the form of government practiced by the Khmer Empire
  - d. the other six wonders of the world
- 93/ According to the passage, Lake Tonle Sap in Cambodia \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a, is an enormous fresh body of water in Asia
  - b. was unable to supply enough fish for the people of Angkor

	<ul> <li>became polluted due to a population explosion</li> </ul>							
	d, is one of the Sc	even Wonders of	he World					
94/	V The word "seat" is closest in meaning to							
	a, battle	b. chief	e. location	d. summit				
95/	Why does the aut	hor mention the h	ydraulie syst	ems of the reservoirs?				
	a. They supplied irrigation from the Indian Ocean.							
	b. They became non-functional due to overuse.							
	c. They were dest	royed by nearby	warrior tribes					
	d. They helped tra	insport the sands	one for const	ructing temples.				
96/	The word "artific	ial" is closest in t	neaning to	_ *				
	a. man-made	b. numerous	c. natural	d. insincere				
97/	The word "they"	refers to						
	a. rice patties		b. farmland					
	c. reservoirs and	canals	d. temples a	and palaces				
98/	It can be inferred Empire	I from the passag	e that the inl	nabitants of the Khmer				
	a, were intentional	illy starved by the	farmers					
	b. lost their food	source due to exc	ess rainfall					
	c. supplemented t	heir diets with m	eat hunted in	the nearby jungles				
	d. depended upon	rice as their mai	source of fo	ood -				
99/	All the following	are mentioned a	s events that	can affect food supply				
	EXCEPT							
	a. erosion of soil		b. contamin	ation of soil				
	c. reduction of nut	trients	d. loss of w	ater supply				
100	/ The word "decre	epit" is closest in	meaning to _	<u> </u>				
	a deteriorated	h incomplete	e disorgani	zed d beneficial				

# **End of Test**

# TEST 2

#### <I> Phonetics

#### A. Sounds

Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others in each group.

1/	a. b <u>u</u> sh	b. p <u>u</u> ll	c. flush	d. p <u>u</u> sh
2/	a. or <u>ch</u> estra	b. <u>ch</u> aos	c. echo	d. charity
3/	a. these	b. chemical	c. <u>e</u> dit	d, effective
4/	a. carpentry	b. pseudo	c. psychiatrist	d. psycho
5/	a. sea <u>t</u>	b. sanctuary	c. tiptoe	d. tone
6/	a. b <u>u</u> tter	b. put	c. sugar	d. push
7/	a. gr <u>ea</u> t	b. br <u>ea</u> d	c. br <u>ea</u> k	d, st <u>ea</u> k
8/	a. c <u>oa</u> t	b. b <u>oa</u> t	c. b <u>oa</u> rd	d, boast
9/	a. cancer	b. evacuate	c. nuclear	d. reactor
10/	a. grow <u>th</u>	b. shea <u>th</u> s	c. thrilling	d, thorough

#### **B.** Stress

# Identify the word whose stress pattern is different from that of the others in each group.

11	/ a. librarian	b. experiment	c. historical	d. entertain
12	/ a. malice	b. office	c. police	d. practice
13	/ a. conduct	b. interview	c. candidate	d. question
14	/ a. artist	b. forget	c. ideal	d. professional
15	/ a. decrease	b. declare	c. comparison	d. predators
16	/ a. statistics	b. appall	c. confine	d. prudent
17	/ a. effective	b. amusing	c. typica <sup>1</sup>	d. expression
18	/ a. recommend	b. convenient	c. sensible	' stimulate
19	/ a. harvest	b. circumstances	c. produce	d. ceremony
20	/ a. commercial	b. tremendous	c. textile	d. validit/

# <11> Vocabulary & Structures.

Choose	the	answer	that	best	fits	the	blanks	in	each	sentence	or
substitu	tes	for the u	nder	lined	wor	d or	phrase				

21/	In the jar there wa	is awhich	r looked like jam.	
	a, material	b. substance	c. solid	d. powder
22/	As she had nowhe	re to go, she wan	dered around the	town
	a, thoughtlessly	b. weakly	c. carelessly	d. aimlessly
23/	She gave him the	that she d	lidn't like him.	
	a. expression	b. impression	c. sign	d. opinion
24/	"So do you plan Can I and			
	a, sleep on it	b. sleep it on	c. put on it	d. put it on
25/	All cars have been	from the	center of the city	(m
	a. stopped	b. prevented	c. inhibited	d. banned
26/	Dick tried to place	the on o	thers for his mista	ikes.
	a. blame	b. denial	c. complaint	d. hurt
27/	When it's time to	go, Lusually try t	oaway u	nnoticed.
	a, move	b. leave	c. slide	d. slip
28/	I didn't think that	this bicycle woul	d require any	*
	a. construction	b. production	c. composition	d. assembly
29/	The United States	was the first cour	ntry to send a mai	the moon.
	a. to	b. in	c. on	d. upon
30/	I have a number of the manager.	of to mak	e about this hote	I so I wish to see
	a, complaints	b. claims	c. accusations	d. grumbles
31/	I can't find my gla			
	a. ruined	b. abandoned	c. smashed	d. misplaced
32/	The police are	the crime.		
	a, going about	b. looking into	c. getting along	d. turning into
33/	No one liked the attendance at his l		o there was a g	radualin
	a, fall-through	b. fall-out	c. fall-off	d. fall-in
34/	Do it as as	s you can.		
	a, well	b. better	c. good	d. much

35/	on the we	eatner, i may go v	vitn you.	
	a. Clearing	b. Wondering	c. Depending	d. Corresponding
36/	Ben really	his brother; they	look almost exac	tly alike!
	a. resembles	b. represents	c. identifies	d. exhibits
37/	He didn't make a	very good	the last time he	visited.
	a. impression	b. relationship	c. indication	d. characteristic
38/	Children have a h	abit ofthei	r parents for swee	ts and ice-creams.
	a. demanding	b. persuading	c. pestering	d. encouraging
39/	Do I have to wear	a suit and tie or	can I dress more	?
	a. casually	b. unofficially	c. naturally	d. loosely
40/	I'm sorry. I'm not	to give y	ou your money b	ack.
	a. released	b. designed	c. authorized	d. controlled
<ii< th=""><th>I&gt; Grammar &amp;</th><th>&amp; Structure</th><th></th><th></th></ii<>	I> Grammar &	& Structure		
	oose the best :	answer to cor	nnlete each of	f the following
Ch			in prese careir of	tue ronowing
	tences.			
sen	tences.			have removed
sen	tences.			have removed
sen	tences. Farmers supply or	ops with phosph	orus in areas	have removed
sen	farmers supply cr it from the soil.	ops with phosphose	orus in areas	have removed
sen	farmers supply cr it from the soil. a. because of long	ops with phosphoropy years of cultivaters of cultivaters	orus in areas	have removed
sen	fences.  Farmers supply or it from the soil.  a. because of long b. where long year	ops with phosphoropy years of cultivaters of cultivation of cultivation	orus in areas	have removed
sen 41/	fences.  Farmers supply or it from the soil.  a. because of long b. where long years.	ops with phosphore years of cultivate rs of cultivation of cultivation f cultivation	orus in areas	have removed
sen 41/	farmers supply or it from the soil.  a. because of long b. where long years c. with long years d. by long years or	ops with phosphore years of cultivaters of cultivation of cultivation fullivation lian?"	orus in areas	have removed
sen 41/	farmers supply or it from the soil.  a. because of long b. where long years c. with long years d. by long years of "Do you speak Ita"	rops with phosphore years of cultivate rs of cultivation of cultivation f cultivation lian?", I grew up	orus in areas	
sen 41/ 42/	Farmers supply or it from the soil.  a. because of long b. where long years c. with long years d. by long years of "Do you speak Ita "Yes, quite well  a. In addition	rops with phosphore years of cultivaters of cultivation of cultivation f cultivation lian?", I grew up b. In fact	orus in areas ion in Italy." 'c. Nevertheless	
sen 41/ 42/	Farmers supply or it from the soil.  a. because of long b. where long years c. with long years d. by long years of "Do you speak Ita "Yes, quite well.  a. In addition  Were, the	years of cultivaters of cultivation of cultivation feultivation lian?", I grew up b. In factey would miss to	orus in areas ion  o in Italy."  c. Nevertheless  p to 30 percent	d. Despite
sen 41/ 42/	Farmers supply or it from the soil.  a. because of long b. where long years c. with long years of "Do you speak Ita "Yes, quite well.  a. In addition  Were, the calories.  a. not allow young	years of cultivaters of cultivation of cultivation fultivation lian?", I grew up b. In factey would miss up the children to snace	orus in areas ion  o in Italy."  c. Nevertheless  p to 30 percent	d. Despite
sen 41/ 42/	Farmers supply or it from the soil.  a. because of long b. where long years c. with long years of "Do you speak Ita "Yes, quite well.  a. In addition  Were, the calories.  a. not allow young b. with snacks for	years of cultivaters of cultivation of cultivation fultivation lian?", I grew up b. In factey would miss up to children to snace young children	o in Italy."  'c. Nevertheless  up to 30 percent	d. Despite
sen 41/ 42/	Farmers supply or it from the soil.  a. because of long b. where long years of the soil.  c. with long years of the soil of the soil.  b. where long years of the soil of the	years of cultivaters of cultivation of cultivation fultivation lian?", I grew up b. In factey would miss up children to snac young children not allowed to snace.	orus in areas ion  o in Italy."  c. Nevertheless  p to 30 percent  k	d. Despite
sen 41/ 42/ 43/	Farmers supply or it from the soil.  a. because of long b. where long years c. with long years of by long years of "Do you speak Ita "Yes, quite well.  a. In addition  Were the calories.  a. not allow young b. with snacks for c. young children d. no snacks be all	years of cultivaters of cultivation of cultivation fultivation lian?", I grew up b. In factey would miss up children to snac young children not allowed to snowed for young controls of the control of the controls of the control of the contro	orus in areas ion  o in Italy."  oc. Nevertheless  p to 30 percent  k  ack children	d. Despite of their required
sen 41/ 42/ 43/	Farmers supply or it from the soil.  a. because of long b. where long years c. with long years of by long years of "Do you speak Ita "Yes, quite well.  a. In addition  Were the calories.  a. not allow young b. with snacks for c. young children d. no snacks be all	years of cultivaters of cultivation of cultivation feultivation lian?", I grew up b. In factey would miss up to children to snace young children not allowed to snace owed for young ed from keratin.	orus in areas ion  o in Italy."  oc. Nevertheless  p to 30 percent  k  ack children	d. Despite

	a that forms a rep	otile's scales	b. forms a reptil	e's scales
	c. a reptile's scale	es forms	d. a reptile's sca	les are formed
45/	Who's the	man in the black	c suit?	
	a. g-ay-hair		b. gray hairs	
	c. g-ay-harred		d. graying hair	
46/	They by t	he time we get th	ere.	
	a. well have been	waiting	b. have been wa	iting
	c. are waiting		d. will wait	
47/	Stucies indicate _	collecting	art today than eve	er before.
	a. there are that m	iore people	b. more people t	hat are
	c. that there are m	nore people	d. more people	
48/	are found	on the surface of	the moon.	
	a. Caters and was	terless seas that	b. Craters and w	aterless seas
	c. When craters a	nd waterless seas	d. Since craters	and waterless seas
49/	Younced to get s	ome job retrainin	git. you r	isk being laid off.
	a. If so			
50/	"How many langu	iages do you knov	v?" "I can speak	
	a. several languag	ges fluently	b. fluently sever	al languages
	c. several fluently	languages	d. several fluent	languages
51/		territoria de la companya della companya della companya de la companya della comp	rld in the produ	ection of plastics,
	a. it supplies	f the total output.	e to supply	d supplies
52/	Elephant poaching			
J.	a. it has diminished			
	c. sirce diminishi			
53/				ise a lot of people
	to the sea			
	a. rush			
54/	Fire safety in fa difficult to achiev		most fire	deaths occur, is
	a. where		c. how	d. when

55/	•	other similar galaxies, contain stars
	of varying ages.	22 (N)
		b. Now astronomers believing
	c. Astronomers now believe	
56/	"Did you withdraw any money from	
	"No. because we don't really need	
		c. much d. none
57/	In 1850, Yale university established	J Scientific School.
	a. engineers were educated there	
	b. where engineers were educated	
	c. in which were engineers educated	d
	d. where were engineers educated	
58/	It is rather ironic that the rhinocero itself from sunburn.	s in mud or dust to protect
	a. having an armor-plated hide to b	attle
	b. with its armor-plated hide, must	battle
	c. bathing with its armor-plated hid	e
	d. with an armor-plated hide it mus	t bathe
59/	"Has the teacher assigned any home	ework?"
	"Yes. We two essays to wr	ite."
	a. have given	b. have been given
	c. will give	d. are giving
60/	Mark all evening, and he w	as very tired.
	a. have been studying	b. had been studying
	c. studied	d. studies
<i'< th=""><th>V&gt; Error Identification</th><th></th></i'<>	V> Error Identification	
	oose the underlined word or ds correcting.	phrase in each sentence that
61/	A traveler can <u>reach</u> some of <u>the</u> <u>riverboat</u> . a	village along the Amazon only by b
62/	Janifer is the more intelligent stude	ents in my class
02/	a b	c d
	G 32	~

63/	The younger you are, easier it is to learn.
	a b c d
64/	The first European settlement of Australia left the city of Portsmouth
	a b c
	in May 1787.
	d
65/	The computer-based tests will test your ability to understand
	a
	spoken English, to read nontechnical language, and writing correctly.  b  c  d
66/	Me anie was looking after a dog who leg had been broken in an acc dent. a b c d
67/	Robert Frost was not well known as a poet until he reached the forties.
	a b c d
68/	My father gets used to working hard so he feels boring with nothing
	to co. a o c
	d
69/	Carilage covers the ends of bones helps to protect the joints a b c
	from wear and tear.
	d
70/	A future system of solid waste managements should begin with
	rediction in the amount of waste.
	c d
71/	The bright colors of flowers makes them conspicuous from considerable
, .,	distances. a b c
	d
72/	Mary is not only intelligent but too hard-working.
	a b c d
73/	Would all competition please make their way to the stadium?
	a b c d
74/	Only after several people had died they required stricter packaging
	b c d
	of over-the-counter drugs.
	NEO NEO

## <V> Reading Comprehension.

Read the passage and choose the word or phrase that best fits each space.

#### A.

You've \_\_(75) heard someone say that the reason you caught a cold was that you were "run down". People generally accept that if you are (76) \_ pressure or run down you are more likely to get ill. But is this really true \_\_(77) \_ is it just an old wives' tale?

The problem with old sayings like this is that it's often difficult to (78) whether they are true or not. For example, if you ask people with colds whether they are feeling run down, they are \_\_(79) \_\_ certain to say yes. People without colds are more likely to say no. So, how do you \_\_(80) if it's the cold that is making them \_\_(81) \_\_ run down or the fact that are run down that is making them more likely to catch a cold? Now it seems there is a scientific answer to this question. And the answer is yes - if you are run down or under stress, you are more likely to catch a cold.

Scientists at the Common Cold Research Centre ran a \_\_(81)\_\_ of tests. They got volunteers without colds to attend the centre, where they were first given a questionnaire to \_\_(82)\_\_. The questions measured the \_\_(83) of stress each volunteer was under.

The volunteers were then deliberately \_\_(84) \_ with a cold virus and left to see whether they developed a cold. After many people had been tested, the researchers looked for a \_\_(85) \_ between the measured stress level and the \_\_(86) \_ of catching a cold. They found that the higher the stress, the more likely the person was to catch a cold.

At the moment it is not known why stress makes someone more likely to become ill, but now (87) the link has been found, researchers might be able to investigated (88). They may even find different ways of combating disease.

75/ a. perhaps	b. may be	c. possibly	d. probably
76/ a. under	, b. behind	c. at	d. above
77/ a. and	b. or	c. but	d. so
78/ a. show	b. express	c. state	d. prove
79/ a. nearly	b. mostly	c. almost	d. surely
80/ a. tell	b. speak	c. say	d. suggest
81/ a. be	b. feel	c. become	d. get
82/ a. kind	b. sort	c. spring	d. series
83/ a. fill	b. fulfill	c. complete	d. finish
84/ a. amount	b. number	c. mass	d. heap
85/ a. injected	b. infected	c. affected	d. infested
86/ a. combination	b. joint	c. link	d. relation
87/ a. opportunities	b. occasions	c. risks	d. chances
88/ a. that	b. when	c. because	d. as
89/ a. more	b. further	c. farther	d. forward
В.			

The increasing power of the Internet and the growth in the number of its users suggests great potential for Internet advertising. The Internet was used primarily by scientists and by professionals in the computer industry, but there are now millions of users of all ages and professions. There are three basic types of advertisements appearing on the Internet. The first is what is called a *banner ad*. These are small, rectangular advertisements that a business places on its Internet site to provide information about its products. This type of ad is usually simply a static display, but the increasing sophistication of the technology allows them to be more interactive.

The second type is a small, square ad placed at the bettom of an Internet page. These are called *button ads*. A button ad has only the brand name of the product being advertised. The button provides a link to the product site where more information is available.

The third type is called an *interstitial ad* or a *pop-up ad* and is similar to a television ad because it uses visuals and sometimes sound. Interstitial ads are controversial because they appear automatically without the user requesting the information the advertisements provide.

- 90/ What is the article mainly about?
  - a. The growth of the computer industry.
  - b. New uses of the Internet.
  - c. The changing face of advertising.
  - d The main types of Internet advertisements.
- 91/ What reason is given for the growing popularity of Internet a lvertising?
  - a. The cost of internet advertising is low.
  - b. There are more internet users of all types today.
  - c. There are few restrictions on this type of advertising.
  - d. The internet users need access to more information.
- 92/ Which type of ad only features the name of the company's product?
  - a. Button ads. b. Banner ads. c. Interstitial ads.d. Pop-up ads.
- 93/ Which will allow greater interaction in banner ads?
  - a. Computer users' growing skills.
  - b. Discussions among users.
  - c. Improvements in computer technology.
  - d. Customers' need for information.

#### C.

166

When deciding to buy a personal computer, one should consider more than the amount of memory or the type of screen. One also needs a good warranty policy that guarantees repair or replacement of defective components. Some warranties have additional options. For example, one company's warranty policy includes payment for having a company technician come to the home or office to help set up the new computer. Many companies have a toll-free telephone number that one can call for

free ad ice Most companies also offer an extension option; for an additional fee, the existing warranty can be lengthened by one or two years.

Some computer shoppers are attracted to the idea of buying a used computer to save money but hesitate because they fear costly repairs. Their caution might be unnecessary. Many used computers, especially those bought from a retailer as opposed to a private party, comes with a retailer warranty. Some used machines are also covered by the manufacturer's warranty, which can be extended even though the computer has changed hands.

- 94/ According to this article, what benefits do most warranties offer?
  - a. Ir-home set up for the new system.
  - b. Repair or replacement of defective parts.
  - c. Free extended service policies.
  - d. Methods of preventing future problems.
- 95/ How can one extend a company warranty?
  - a. Buy from a private party.
  - b. Have a company technician set up the computer.
  - c. Pay a fee for policy extension.
  - d. Call the toll-free number to ask for advice.
- 96/ What does the article imply about the "computer shoppers" mentioned in the second paragraph?
  - a. They are unaware of possible warranty protection.
  - b. They are not very interested in saving money.
  - c. They may not be cautions enough.
  - d. They have had expensive repairs done in the past.

## <V> Writing.

Choose the sentence (a, b, c or d) which is closest in meaning to the given one.

- 97/ The problem was so difficult that most students gave up.
  - a. The problem was rather hard but some students gave up.
  - b. The problem was too difficult to solve.
  - c. Most students gave up because the problem was very difficult.
  - d. Most students didn't gave up although the problem was difficult.
- 98/ If it hadn't been so late, I would have called you.
  - a. It was not late when I called you.
  - b. It was late, so I did not call you.
  - c. It was late, but I called you.
  - d. It was not late but I did not call you.
- 99/ No sooner had Alice registered for the course than she received the scholarship.
  - a. As soon as Alice registered for the course, she received the scholarship.
  - b. Registering for the course helped Alice receive the scholarship.
  - c. Alice registered for the course soon after receiving the scholarship.
  - d. Rather than receive the scholarship, Alice registered for the course.
- 100/ They recommend that eating properly is necessary.
  - a. It is recommended that eating properly is necessary.
  - b. It is necessary to be recommended eating properly.
  - c. Eating is recommended properly and necessarily.
  - d. It is necessary to recommended eating properly.

## **End of Test**

#### TEST 3

#### <1> Phonetics

#### A. Sounds

Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others in each group.

- 1/ a. giant b. allergy c. energy d. angry
- 2/ a.tent b. temperature c. part d. boating
- 3/ a. wanted b. provided c. painted d. opened
- 4/ a. hungry b. beauty c. during d. duty
- 5/ a. poison b. season c. mansion d. dozen
- 6/ a children b chilly c mild d tilt
- 7/ a. weak b. head c. mean d. beat
- 8/ a. most b. nose c. purpose d. hold
- 9/ a.message b. geography c. gain d. carriage
- 10/ a. growl b. allow c. howl d. brow

#### B. Stress

Identify the word whose stress pattern is different from that of the others in each group.

- 11/ a. wildlife b. appeal c. restrict d. interior
- 12/ a. relief b. servant c. exposure d. offend
- 13/ a. convention b. restaurant c. second d. certain
- 14/ a. economies b. regulation c. individual d. inspection
- 15/ a. relevant b. descendant c. redundant d. consultant
- 16/ a. literature b. conspiracy c. legacy d. temperature
- 17/ a. section b. grammar c. unsuccessful d. demonstrate
- 18/ a.amateur b. astronomy c. dinosaurs d. sonorous
- 19/ a.create b. tactician c. foundation d. wagon
- 20/ a. document b. ferocious c. compromise d. delicacy

# <II> Vocabulary & Structures.

Choose the answer that best fits the blanks in each sentence or substitutes for the underlined word or phrase.

21/	There was a lot of	lightning	_last_night's stori	n.
	a. during	b. over	c. while	d. within
22/	The city is a diffic	cult place in whic	h to child	ren.
	a. grow up	b. grow	c. rise	d, raise
23/	Women workers machinery.	wear hats in	their hair g	ets caught in the
	a. course	b. occasion	c. case	d. event
24/	Jack's wallet was	from his	briefcase last nigl	ht.
	a. missed	b. stolen	c. robbed	d. picked
25/	Did you know tha	t travelers to Fran	ice are to	have a visa?
	a. required	b. obeyed	c. searched	d. decided
26/	We cannot judge a	a person simply o	n the of h	is education.
	a. condition	b. theory	c. principle	d. basis
27./	I met her just	chance. It wa	s not part of my p	olan.
	a. by			
28/	He lost control of	his car and	_ several pedestr	ians.
	a. injured			
29/	He slipped on the	wet floor and	his head.	
	a. bumped	b. thumped	c. bounced	d. tapped
30/	Charles was such	an excellent empl	loyee that he soon	got
	a. an announceme	nt	b. a promotion	
	c. a recognition			
31/	I can't possibly ma			
	a. illogical			
32/	There is a l			
22.0	a. cozy			
33/	The candidates fel			
<b>20.1</b> 00	a. progress			d. competition
34/	"Have you been to			
	"No, this is my	visit."		
	a. only	b. very	c. very first	d. vary

35/	That hotel is very	×		
	a. Figh-price	b. high-priced	c. highly-price	d. high prices
36/	T've been	busy this past we	ek.	
	a. terribly	b. quickly	c. badly	d. widely
37/	The picture	an image of pr	osperity.	
	a. cisplays	b. gives	c. conveys	d. strikes
38/	Buses and trains a	are the most impo	rtant means of	in this country
	a, traffic b, d	lriving c. m	ovement d.	transportation
39/	"Do you like my	story?"		
	"Yes, a lot, I didn	i't know you coul	d write to	** :
	a, created	b. creating	c. creatively	d. creative
40/	Tale the number	7 bus and get	at Forest Ro	oad.
	a. tp	b. down	c. off	d. outside
	Is Grammar	& Structure		
<ii< th=""><th>1- (III a III III III II</th><th></th><th></th><th></th></ii<>	1- (III a III III III II			
			mnlete each o	f the following
Ch	oose the best		mplete each o	f the following
Ch sen	oose the best tences.	answer to con		
Ch sen	oose the best tences. Mark Twain.	answer to con	a desire for mone	
Ch sen	oose the best tences. Mark Twain. a. he is one of An	. was driven by	a desire for mone; vn writers	
Ch sen	oose the best tences. Mark Twain, a. he is one of An b. although one o	answer to con	a desire for mone; yn writers known writers	
Ch sen	oose the best tences.  Mark Twain,  a. he is one of An  b. although one of  c. as one of Amer	answer to con was driven by merica's best know f'America's best	a desire for mone on writers known writers writers	
Ch sen 41/	oose the best tences.  Mark Twain,  a. he is one of An  b. although one of  c. as one of Amer	answer to con . was driven by nerica's best know f America's best rica's best known a's best known wa	a desire for mone on writers known writers writers titers	
Ch sen 41/	oose the best tences.  Mark Twain.  a. he is one of An b. although one o c. as one of America d. one of America "When is Theresa	answer to con was driven by merica's best know f'America's best rica's best known a's best known wa a expecting the ba	a desire for mone on writers known writers writers titers	
Ch sen 41/	oose the best tences.  Mark Twain.  a. he is one of An b. although one o c. as one of America "When is Theresa "I think it is	answer to con was driven by merica's best know f'America's best rica's best known a's best known wa a expecting the ba	a desire for mone on writers known writers writers iters by?"	
Ch/sen 41/	oose the best tences.  Mark Twain.  a. he is one of An b. although one o c. as one of America "When is Theresa "I think it is	answer to con  . was driven by merica's best known a's best known was best known was expecting the batter in July."	a desire for money on writers known writers writers riters by?"	y and travel.
Ch/sen 41/	oose the best tences.  Mark Twain.  a. he is one of And b. although one of America "When is Theresa "I think it isa, cue until "I paid only \$100	. was driven by nerica's best known a's best known was best known	a desire for money on writers known writers writers riters by?"  c. due trip."	y and travel.
Ch/sen 41/	oose the best tences.  Mark Twain.  a. he is one of An b. although one of America "When is Theresa "I think it is a. cue until "I paid only \$100 "I thought it	answer to con  . was driven by merica's best known a's best known was best known was expecting the batter in July."	a desire for money on writers known writers writers titers by?"  c. due trip." n that."	y and travel.
Ch/sen 41/ 42/	oose the best tences.  Mark Twain.  a. he is one of An b. although one of America of America "When is Theresa "I think it is a. cue until "I paid only \$100 "I thought it a. vill have Aristotle, one of	. was driven by nerica's best known a's best known was best known be best more than best would have	a desire for money on writers known writers writers titers by?"  c. due trip." n that." c. could philosophers.	d. due to
Ch/sen 41/ 42/	oose the best tences.  Mark Twain.  a. he is one of An b. although one of America of America "When is Theresa "I think it is a. cue until "I paid only \$100 "I thought it a. vill have Aristotle, one of	. was driven by nerica's best known a's best known was best more than be would have a greatest natural	a desire for money on writers known writers writers titers by?"  c. due trip." n that." c. could philosophers.	d. due to  d. could have the leading

45/	Have you?	
	a. ever had your passport stolen	b. ever had stolen your passport
	c. just had stolen your passport	d. still your passport stolen
46/	does not circle around the	earth was proven by Galileo.
•	a. Since the rest of the universe	b. As the rest of the universe
	c. That the rest of the universe	d. The rest of the universe
47/	"You really work long hours."	
	"Yeah, but my job is"	
	a. good pay b. paying well	c. good paying d. well paid
48/	The Himalaya Mountains are the	
	a. height of world extensive ranges	
	b. ranges of the most extensive	
	c. world's most extensive ranges	
	d. more extensive ranges of the wor	rld
49/	that increasing numbers	The second of th
	bought by consumers in the years to	come.
	a. They are anticipated	N 10 01 (N-10)
	V 150	d. It is anticipated
50/	"Was the cake tasty?" - "Yes. it wa	
. ( /=::2::::::::	a. so good that b. good that	
51/	"Did you manage to get into the con	
	" I got there early, all the tic	
e 2 1		c. In spite d. Since
52/	Many plants can be tricked into flo	owering earlier or later than normal
	a. by artificial adjustment of	The second of th
22	c. they are artificially adjusted	2 2/2/2 /4/2 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20
53/	Were too rapidly between experience altitude sickness because hearth are bigh altitudes	
	breather at high altitudes.  a. tourists to travel	b. with tourists traveling
	c. too touristlike	d. for traveling
54/	The President's trip to England	2 0 0 0 0
J. <del>4</del> /	a. announced	b. was announced
	c. was announcing	d. had announced
		- 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1

55/	The process of by hand ha century.	as changed little since the fifteenth
	a. to bind books	b. binding books
	c. bcoks are bound	d. bound books
56/	In large doses, alcohol can dull sen	sation
	a. and impair muscular coordination	
	b. but muscular coordination	
	c. impair muscular coordination	
	d. impaired muscular coordination	
57/	Rarely Bill at home.	
	a. yeu find b. will you find	c. to find d. are you finding
58/	Baby carriers and digging sticks	in many cultures today are
	examples of the earliest tools used	by humans.
	a. that are still using	b. which still used
	c. still used	d. still using
59/	Roquefort cheese is named for the produced.	region of France it was first
	a. where b. while	c. as d. after
60/	The during an earthquake a	re caused by seismic waves.
	a. ac ually vibrate	b. from the actual vibrations
	c. virrations happen	d. actual vibrations
< 1	/> Error Identification	
	oose the underlined word or	phrase in each sentence that
	ds correcting.	w s s at a s
617	Astronomers do not think are then	d d
(3)	beyond Pluto.	Lib. II
02/	While his racing days, racehorse a	b
	million, \$2.3 million more than his	closest competitor.
	C	d
63/	The French Quarter is the most fa	mous and the most old section of
	New Orleans. a	b c d
64/	Ever though Tom had been train a b	ed hard 'or 10 months he didn't
	perform good on the job.	
	d	

65/	That was the better novel I had ever read.
	a b c d
66/	When too many companies enter competitive markets, their share
	a b
	of profits will fell.
	c d
67/	The spokesperson for the company reported that sales increased and
	a b c
	that production <u>did so</u> .
200	d
68/	There are not many people which adapt to a new culture without a b c
	feeling some disorientation at first.
	d
69/	The cracking of rocks is caused of intense heat during the day
	followed by rapid cooling at night.
	c d
70/	In laboratory experiments, an investigator often begins by work
	a b
	out different conditions for two groups of subjects.
	c d
71/	Before about 1980, most businesses have used carbon paper to make
	a b c
	multiple copies of typed documents.
	d
72/	Tom hurts his back while he was carrying a dining table.
	a b c d
73/	A coin is a piece of metal bears lettering, designs or numbers.
	a b c d
74/	Little they knew in 1926, when the first TV broadcast began, that
	a b
	it would have such an impact on people's everyday lives.
	c d
75/	The flag is risen in the morning and taken down at night by the
	students. a b c d

## <V>> Reading Comprehension.

Read the passage and choose the word or phrase that best fits each space.

#### A. THE SOYA BEAN'S INDUSTRIAL USES

So a is not only used in the manufacture of food for human and animal consumption (76) also in a variety of industrial (77). These (78) from the manufacture of adhesives and plastics to dynamite and waterproofing preparations.

For many years soya bean oil has been used in the manufacture of paints, both for \_\_(79)\_ and industrial use. It is also used in the printing industry in printing inks, adhesives, and paper. In the United States the soya bean is used in the brewing industry to help the yeast ferment and enhance the \_\_(80)\_ of beer.

Soya is even used in fire-fighting as a foam agent. When \_\_(81)\_\_ with water and air it produces the fire-fighting foam. Water might \_\_(82)\_\_ the surface flames, but the fire could still be burning \_\_(83)\_\_. Fire-fighting foam or the other \_\_(84)\_\_ clings to most surfaces and does not \_\_(85)\_\_ as quickly as water. If oil has \_\_(86)\_\_ fire, the foam floats on the surface and smothers the flames.

Glycerine, which is a byproduct of vegetable oils including soya, is used in nearly \_\_(87)\_\_ industry. It is a(n) \_\_(88)\_\_ in many medicines including cough mixtures and is also a basic medium in toothpaste. Glycerire is not only used in glues to \_\_(89)\_\_ quick drying, but also in the manufacture of explosives. No doubt as research and experiments continue, even more uses for this versatile \_\_(90)\_\_ will be found.

76/ a. sc	b. and	c. or	d. but
77/ a. procession	b. procedure	c. processes	d. proceeding
78/ a. range	b. extend	c. expand	d. spread
79/ a. heusehold	b. domestic	c. internal	d. familia!
80/ a. frigrance	b. scent	c. smell	d. flavor

81/ a. connected	d. mixed	c. linked	d. associated
82/ a. put out	b. put off	c. take away	d. take off
83/ a. lower	b. below	c. underneath	d. downward
84/ a. respect	b. side	c. aspect	d. hand
85/ a. flow	b. drain	c. drift	d. slide
86/ a. caught	b. seize	c. created	d. burst
87/ a. whole	b. each	c. all	d. every
88/ a. component	b. ingredient	c. part	d. section
89/ a. push back	b. hold pack	c. prevent	d. slow down
90/ a. crop	b. harvest	c. production	d. produce

#### B. ELEKTRON TO ELECTRIC

The first discovery of electricity is over 2,600 years old. Does that surprise you? Of course, there were no lights, telephones, refrigerators, radios, motion pictures, or television sets that long ago. In fact, all of these modern conveniences are of such recent development that you might well wonder how electricity could be any older than Thomas Edison's development of the first practical electric light bulb in 1879.

The word *electricity* comes from the Greek word meaning amber, which is *elektron*. The fossilized sap of a pine tree, amber looks much like a hard lump of honey. In 600 B.C., a Greek philosopher named Thales rubbed a piece of amber against his sleeve to shine it. Much to his interest, he found that the rubbed amber attracted small bits of lint, feathers, and dried leaves. This property of attraction was a strange characteristic which he thought only amber had. Today, our word *electricity* still goes back to Thales' early discovery about amber.

More than two thousand years after Thales, an English physician discovered that other substances also had this characteristic of electricity. From then on, more and more men added to the knowledge of electricity. They set off the many developments and discoveries which have prought about our electrical era of today.

176

91/	Wrile not directly stated, it may be	nferred from the article that	
	a. imber is the only substance that c	an be magnetized	
	b. electricity is not a recent discover	· ·	
	c. Thomas Edison really invented el-	ectricity	
	d. acts may be observed long before	they are put to practical use	
92/	This article as a whole tells us		
	a. about electricity		
	b, about amber		
	c. about the curiosity of an ancient C	ireek philosopher	
	d. about Thomas Edison		
93/	Which device was the first practical	application of electricity?	
	a. the refrigerator	b. the radio	
	c. the electric bulb	d. the telephone	
94/	Electron is		
	a. the ability to generate electricity of	of amber	
	b. the property of attraction of ambe	r '	
	c. the strange characteristic of ambe	r X	
	d. the Greek word meaning amber		
95/	Which sentence is NOT true?		
	a. The name electricity comes from	the Greek word for amber.	
	b. Anber is the fresh sap that runs o	ut of pine trees.	
	c. Many, many men added to the dis	coveries of electricity.	
	d. Thales was a Greek philosopher v	who lived in ancient times.	

## <V> Writing.

## Choose the sentence (a, b, c or d) which is closest in meaning to the given one.

- 96/ After studying medicine for three years, my brother changed his major to architecture.
  - a. My brother has studied medicine for three years.
  - b. My brother studies architecture now.
  - c. My brother has changed his major to medicine.
  - d. My brother couldn't study medicine.
- 97/ It would have been a perfect paper except for some spelling mistakes.
  - a. It was a perfect paper.
  - b. The word was spelt perfectly.
  - c. The paper had some mistakes.
  - d. The teacher did not accept the paper.
- 98/ Seeing that he was so angry, she left the office.
  - a. She didn't want to make him angry, so she left.
  - b. He wouldn't have been so angry if she hadn't left.
  - c. He grew very angry when he saw her leaving the office.
  - d. She left the office when she saw how angry he was.
- 99/ No matter how hard Tom tried to unlock the door, he didn't succeed.
  - a. It's hard for Tom to unlock the door because he never succeeded
  - b. Tom tried very hard and he could open it.
  - c. However hard Tom tried, he couldn't unlock the door.
  - d. Tom succeeded in unlocking the door.
- 100/ She strikes me as a very effective teacher.
  - a. I make an effective impression on the teacher.
  - b. As a teacher, she always strikes me.
  - c. She is such an effective teacher that she always strikes her students.
  - d. My impression of her is that she is a very effective teacher.

## **End of Test**

## SAMPLE TEST 1

#### <I> Phonetics

#### A. Sounds

Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others in each group.

- 1/  $a. \iota \underline{x}it$   $b. e\underline{x}am$   $c. mi\underline{x}$   $d. e\underline{x}act$
- 2/ a. riany b. open c. money d. ink
- 3/ a. removed b. approved c. beloved d. relieved
- 4/ a. rone b. zone c. stone d. phone
- 5/ a. fire b. desire c. entire d. shi, er
- 6/ a. tuge b. smug c. plug d. hug
- 7/ a. envelops b. packages c. laughs d. makes
- 8/ a. crug b. struggle c. durian d. mug
- 9/ a, dry b, dye c, deny d, empty
- 10/ a. bow b. rod c. lock d. dot

#### B. Stress

Identify the word whose stress pattern is different from that of the others in each group.

- 11/ a. metallic b. momentum c. medieval d. monastery
- 12/ a. generate b. contaminate c. dominate d. obstinate
- 13/ a. apologise b. implication c. luxurious d. improbable
- 14/ a. possibility b. disappointed c. manufacture d. instrument
- 15/ a. colossal b. explicit c tycoon d. tyranny
- 16/ a. temporary b. diminish c. munitions d. selection
- 17/ a. construction b. descripion c. aggressive d. consideration
- 18/ a. flexible b. musical c. promise d. invention
- 19/ a. deficiency b. glacier c. outsider d. possess
- 20/ a. reversion b. suspicion c. surreal d. cultivate

## <II> Vocabulary & Expression.

Choose the answer that best fits the blanks in each sentence or substitutes for the underlined word or phrase.

21/	There is still some	in my mine	d whether I did th	e right thing.
	a. hesitation	b. nervousness	c. trouble .	d. doubt
22/	Peter was accepted	d to the institute b	but didn't have en	ough money to
	a. allow	b. enable	c. enlist	d. enroll
23/	We decided to spe	end our holiday in	a beautiful	mountain village.
	a. removed	b. isolated	c. redundant	d. lonely
24/	He stained his sh and water.	irt with wine and	I had to it o	over night in soap
	a. wet	b. soak	c. clean	d. remove
25/	When he was aske	ed about the raisir	ng camera, the bo	y _ever seeing it.
	a. refused	b. denied	c. opposed	d. pretended
26/	Gold is in co	olor to brass.		
	a. like	b. alike	c. same	d. similar
27/	The basketball gai	me was for	the same time nex	t week.
	a. delayed	b. postponed	c. prevented	d. moved
28/	He is borrow	ring money from	people and never	returning it.
	a. permanently	b. steadily	c. constantly	d. seriously
29/	The police have r the bank.	not yet discovered	d the of the	men who robbed
	a. recognition	b. identity	c. individuality	d. personality
30/	He the child	ren not to play wi	ith the fire exting	uisher.
	a. threatened	b. warned	c. explained	d. demanded
31/	She spends an hou	ır each evening _	her hair.	
	a. brushing	b. rubbing	c. polishing	d. clearing
32/	The driver had to	to avoid hit	ting the lamp post	t.
	a. indicate	b. swerve	c. skid	d. steer
33/	I would like to ha	ve a job that is bo	oth and well-	paid.
	a. challenging	b. ambitious	c. effective	d. encouraging

34/	We can't get in be	ecause the door is	and I don t	have a key.
	a jammed	b. secured	c. sealed	d. locked
35/	I will all the	possibilities befo	ore I decide which	is best.
	a perform	b. guide	c. consider	d. support
36/	I often miss the b	us because my wa	itch is	
	a slow	b. late	c. overdue	d. behind
37/	They never stop t	hose children are	fighting.	
	a immediately	b. finally	c. especially	d. constantly
38/	theard the talk ab	out dinosaurs wit	th the greatest	_•
	a entertainment	b. appeal	c. fascination	d. attraction
39/	Sie her stor	y was true but I d	idn't believe her.	a
	a debated	b. claimed	c. intended	d. proposed
40/	You have a	between taking F	rench and English	E <sub>e</sub>
	a variety	b. preference	c. choice	d. chance
41/	Ir some parks vis	itors are requeste	d to keep the	e grass.
	a aside	b. off	c. out	d. away
42/	The police question	oned the suspect i	until he finally	
	a admitted	b. confirmed	c. accepted	d. confessed
43/	I think this proble	m can be if	we all work toget	her.
	a saved	b. resulted	c. solved	d. indicated
44/	He would win th	e race if he	his brother's ex	ample and trained
	harder.			
	a obeyed	b. repeated	c. followed	d. answered
<b>&lt;</b> []	l> Grammar d	& Structure		
Ch	oose the best	answer to con	nplete each of	f the following
	tences.			
45/		200		rm that has been
	osserved by astro			
			b. is close to 300	
	c for 300 years m	nore	d. is more than 3	00 years

46/	"Would you like me to buy more sugar?"				
	"Since we have _	perhaps you s	hould."		
	a. no	b. any	e. not	d. none	
47/	I had the exe	ercises that the tea	icher assigned yes	sterday .	
	a. done already		b. already been d	lone	
	c. been already do	ne	d. already done		
48/	a success			tage presence and	
	a. To become		b. Becomes		
	c. In order becomi	ng	d. For becoming		
49/	"I feel so tired."		9		
	"So do I. I wish w	e to that pa	party last night."		
	a. couldn't go		b. wouldn't have	gone	
	c. hadn't gone		d. didn't go		
50/	"What's that noise	e I hear?"			
"Our next door neighbors a party again."			arty again."		
	a. have	b. having	c. are having	d. were having	
51/	In 1960, John F.		Richard Nixon in	the race for the	
	presidency of the				
	a. narrowly defeat		b. narrowly defe		
	c. narrow defeat		d. narrow defeat	ed	
52/	Would you be				
	a. too good as to f		b. as good as for		
	c. so good as to fo			warding	
53/	"I'd really like to			v v Geodesia 🤫	
	"Mr Johnson is the				
	<ol><li>a. who sitting</li></ol>	b, whose sitting	c. sitting	d. he's sitting	

54/	When I'm in the park, I really enjoy watching the children on the				on the
	grass.				
	a. to play be to be p	olaying	c. playing	d. are playin	g.
55/	If you delay it bac	k, you will r	isk yo	ur rights as a custo	mer.
	a. t) take / losing		b. taking t	o lose	
	c. being taken   losing		d. taking 11	osing	
56/	"How is the soup?"				
	"lt"				
	a. tistes delicions		b. tastes de	liciously	
	c. is tasting delicious		d. is tasting	deliciously	
57/	General Georg	ge Custer tha	t discovered	gold in the Black	Hills
	of South Dakota.				
	a. The troop of		b. When the	e troop	
	c. I was the troop of		d. The troo	p was	
58/	"Mary really knows wi	nat's going o	n around the	world."	
	"Yes, she's really	/ <b>KV</b> :			
	a, informed well		b. well info	rm	
	c. informing well		d. well info	rmed	
59/	"Were you the one who	o called me l	ate last nigh	t?"	
	"It me because m	y phone is o	ut of order."	<b>.</b> .	
	a. can't be		b. can't hav	e been	
	c. srouldn't be		d. shouldn'	t have been	
60/	Silver is sometimes m	ixed with co	pper	an alloy that is l	narder
	and stronger than pure				
	a. to form b. fo	orms	c. it forms	d. the formi	ng

<iv> Error Identification</iv>
Choose the underlined word or phrase in each sentence that needs correcting.
61/ Ester Forbes won the 1943 Pulitzer Prize in American history for a
her biographer of Paul Revere.
62/ Copper is valuable in making microchips that are powerful and a b c
very relatively inexpensive.  d
63/ For photosynthesis to occur, a leaf requires carbon dioxide, water, a b c
and <u>lightness.</u> d
64/ The tongue is the <u>principal</u> organ <u>of taste</u> , and <u>is</u> crucial fo. crewing,
swallowed and speaking.
65/ Mary Harris Jones, known as "Mother Jones", was a prominence a
figure in the <u>labor movement</u> at <u>the turn</u> of the century.
66/ Until about 12.000 years ago, man obtained most of his food by
hunting and fish.
67/ The General Agreement on Tariffs and Trades (GATT) is an inernational
agreement designing to increase trade among member nations.
b c d  68/ She told me don't smoke in the waiting-room.

d

69/ It was such an excellent film that I have seen it three times.

70/George asked me help him while he was repairing his motorbike.

71/ Tom likes outdoor activities, he hardly misses an opportunity
a b c

to go to camp with his friends.
d

72/ Hundreds people were made homeless by the storm last night.
a b c d

73/ It took us quite a long time to get here. It was a three-hours journey.
a b c d

74/ If you live in the foreign country, you should try and learn the language.
a b c d

75/ Despite of the increase in air fare, most people still prefer to travel by
a b c d

## <V> Reading Comprehension

plane.

Read the passage and choose the word or phrase that best fits each space.

## A. CONVENTIONAL AND NATURAL MEDICINE

Medical science has made enormous advances in the twentieth century. Most of the great "killer" diseases have been \_\_(76)\_, and almost every day a new drug appears on the market. But the medical profession is (77)\_ a crisis of confidence. Surveys \_\_(78)\_ that less than 40% of people really trust their family doctor. People are \_\_\_\_(79)\_\_\_ away from conventional medicine to look for alternative \_\_(80)\_ of treatment.

The main reason for this is that conventional medicine has \_\_(81) to satisfy the needs of the \_\_(82) of people. In spite of the apparent progress made by medical science, we are actually less \_\_(83) than our parents or grandparents.

Medical students are taught that diseases are \_\_\_\_(84)\_\_\_ by germs, viruses, and toxins. Therefore treatment must\_\_(85)\_\_ on attacking these things The mind and the emotions are not thought to play any (86)\_ in the disease process. But people who practise "natural" medicine\_\_(87) with this principle, and try to treat the whole person. They believe that personality and lifestyle are important when considering a patient's \_\_\_(88)\_ health.

Some conventional doctors are beginning to <u>(89)</u> that there is a lot of truth in these ideas, and believe that natural medicine can be a valuable aid. Others <u>(90)</u> regard it as a dangerous threat to their profession.

76/ a. won	b. defeated	c. erased	d, broken
77/ a. experiencing	b. holding	c. bearing	d. living
78/ a. indicate	b. lead	c. describe	d. point
79/ a. growing	b. taking	c. turning	d. coming
<b>80</b> / a. ways	b. makes	c. forms	d. fashions
81/ a. missed	b. stopped	c. lost	d. failed
82/ a. lot	b. majority	c. most	d. largest
83/ a. healthy	b. nutritious	c. fine	d. wholesome
84/ a. caused	b. made	c. brought	d. involved
85/ a. aim	b. function	c. concentrate	d. try
86/ a. game	b. piece	c. part	d. action
87/ a. reject	b. dislike	c. object	d. disagree
88/ a. normal	b. typical	c. common	d. general
89/ a. recognise	b. observe	c. view	d. know
90/ a. still	b. yet	c. but	d. even
В.			

Most of us are interested in one kind of sport or another, even if we don't go in for it actively. Lots of people take up a particular sport at an early age, for example tennis, skiing, or ice-skating. If they get up to a suitably high standard, they may go in for local competitions or even championships. But special training is hard work and most young people don't keep it up. Many of them opt out when they come up against tough competition.

To become a professional in any sport, you have to go through with a strict training schedule. And it's not easy! It means doing without some of life's little pleasures, too. For example, to build up your physical strength

you may have to stick to a special diet and give up some of your favorice foods. Smoking and alcohol are out, and to keep fit you have to work out regularly every day.

Sometimes it all pays off, but the road to success is long and there are no guarantees. No wonder that countless young talents decide to settle for a regular job instead, and, as far as professional sport is concerned, prefer to look on as spectators.

			F		44	
91/	The	term of	90	111	tor	means

- a, give up b, participate in c, begin d, like
- 92/ According to the passage, which of the following statements are FALSE about special training?
  - a. It is easy work.
  - b. It is hard work.
  - c. Most young people don't keep it up.
  - d. b and c.
- 93/ To become a professional in any sport, your strict training schedule would probably involve
  - a. enjoying all life's pleasures b. eating all kinds of foods
  - c. sticking to a special diet d. smoking and drinking alcohol
- 94/ According to the passage, which of the following statements is true?
  - a. Few people take up a particular sport at an early age.
  - b. The road to success in sports is long but there are guarantees.
  - c. All of the people who play some sport can go in for local competitions or even championships.
  - d. There are many young talents who decide to settle for a regular job.

## <V> Writing.

Choose the sentence (a, b, c or d) which is closest in meaning to the given one.

- 95/ He can hardly solve the problem because he's too inexperienced.
  - a. The problem is too hard for him to solve.
  - b. Lacking experience he can not solve the problem.

- c. The problem is difficult but he has experience.
- d. He is inexperienced but he can solve the problem.

#### 96/ We had a flat tire, so it took three hours longer than usual to get there.

- a. It took us three extra hours to get there.
- b. It usually takes us three hours to get there.
- c. We usually have a flat tire.
- d. It usually takes longer to get there.

#### 97/ It doesn't matter to them which film they go to.

- a. No matter what film are shown, they never go.
- b. They don't mind which film they go to.
- c. Which film they go to matters more than the cost.
- d. They have a good taste for films.

## 98/ My mother never allows me to go out alone at night.

- a. I was not allowed to go out last night.
- b. My mother never lets me go out alone at night.
- c. My mother never goes out alone at night.
- d. My mother and I usually go out alone at night.

## 99/ There'll be a bus later on, but we might as well walk.

- a. We are quite ready to walk.
- b. We would much prefer to wait for the bus.
- c. We'll have to walk because the bus is late.
- d. We think we will be late if we walk.

#### 100/ But for the rain it would have been a successful match.

- a. The match was successful because of the rain.
- b. It rained but they succeeded in the match.
- c. It rained so the match wasn't successful.
- d. It would have been a successful match although it rained.

## **End of Test**

## SAMPLE TEST 2

#### <I> Phonetics

#### A. Sounds

# Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others in each group.

- 1/ a. context b. practice c. sentence d. force
- 2/ a. represented b. emigrated c. sustained d. provided
- 3/ a. festival b. medical c. canal d. camel
- 4/ a. ache b. dense c. prince d. dance
- 5/ a. b. other b. weather c. picture d. prefer
- 6/ a. cast b. nasty c. broadcast d. haste
- 7/ a. grost b. frost c. enclose d. host
- 8/ a. lcoked b. hatred c. wicked d. naked
- 9/ a. thereafter b. therapy c. thesis d. theft
- 10/ a. knit b. knapsack c. kneel d. kinfolk

#### B. Stress

## Identify the word whose stress pattern is different from that of the others in each group.

- 11/ a. zodiac b. suspect c. popular d. stapler
- 12/ a. significant b. signify c. privileged d. prisoner
- 13/ a. irrtation b. relevant c. suitable d. commerce
- 14/ a. d scharge b. appreciate c. activate d. emotional
- 15/ a. akohol b. legendary c. legitimate d. prominent
- 16/ a. nocturnal b. operating c. hospital d. conquest
- 17/ a. musician b. alive c. electronic d. creation
- 18/ a. female b. divide c. champion d. regulate
- 19/ a. personal b. entry c. personnel d. sampler
- 20/ a. accordance b. understand c. incomplete d. acupuncture

# <II> Vocabulary & Expression.

Choose the answer that best fits the blanks in each sentence or substitutes for the underlined word or phrase.

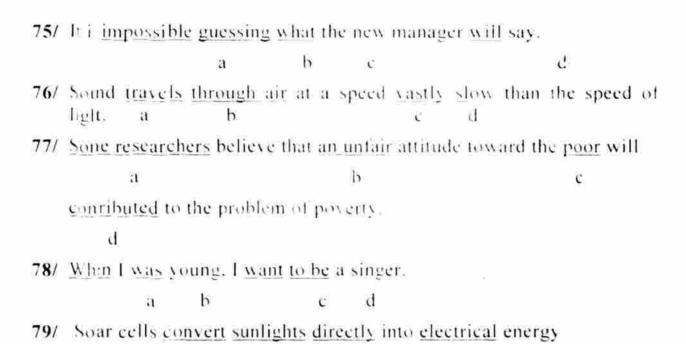
21/	He chose to	his family life for	r his career.	
	a. sacrifice	b. abscond	c. fail	d. give
22/	She gave me a	look when I a	sked her where sh	e was going.
	a. puzzled	b. fortunate	c. adopted	d. permanent
23/	What job do you t	hink you are best	for?	
	a. favored	b. intended	c. suited	d. adapted
24/	Sally was by	her boss for beir	ng late.	
	a. reprimanded	b. shouted	c. resigned	d. called
25/	He us that he	e would pay for th	ne damage.	
	a. considered	b. assured	c. observed	d. directed
26/	For the sake of	his future career	as an actor, he	did not wan to
	become as a	detective.		
	a. thought	b. named	c. marked	d. labelled
27/	There's been an a	ccident on the mo	torway, so there's	s a big
	a. hold-on	b. hold-up	c. uphold	d. hold-off
28/	I was fini	shed with my wor	k when Joan calle	ed.
	a. closely	b. nearly	c. exactly	d. approximately
29/	Angry drivers usu	allyeach	other.	
	a. insult	b. disobey	c. shout	d. swear
30/	Lena patted my sl	oulderto	comfort me.	
	a. scarcely	b. weakly	c. faintly	d. gently
31/	lt's sense	that people make	mistakes when th	ney're tired.
	a. common	b. regular	c. known	d. obvious
32/	We were	by the noise in the	e forest.	
	a afraid	b. nervous	c. feared	d. frighteneid

33/	The rule in this c	ompany is that ev	eryone is to	do his best.
	a. emanded	b. opposed	c. supposed	d. proposed
34/	Yar French will	if you make	e an effort to use	it more often.
	a. rfine	b. correct	c. brighten	d. improve
35/	May years ago r	nilk was to	our door.	
	a. tansferred	b. delivered	c. offered	d. served
36/	Di book was	_ for beginning	readers.	
	a. alapted	b. regarded	c. alternated	d. agreed
37/	"You can r	ne the details: I	don't want to kn	ow all about your
argu	umets with your b	oss."		
	a. 9are	b. save	c. deprive	d. avoid
38/	Heshowed no _	_ of feeling guil	ty for all the trou	ble he had caused.
	a. rark	b. sign	c. signal	d. proof
39/	"Were did you le	earn all this inform	nation about Japa	n?"
	"I loked on	the Internet."		
	a. ن it	b. up	c. it up	d. it
40/	I ws to h	ear that no one ha	ad been hurt.	
	a. fightened	b. subjected	c. relieved	d. seized
41/	Shefinally admitt	ed that she broke	the pot	
	a. prposefully	b. clumsily	c. willingly	d. deliberately
42/	Thesea is as	as a mill-pond	i today.	
	a. tue	b. deep	c. calm	d. warm
<ii< th=""><th>I&gt; Frammar &amp;</th><th>&amp; Structure</th><th></th><th></th></ii<>	I> Frammar &	& Structure		
	oos the best tenes.	answer to cor	nplete each o	f the following
43/	that certain		bodies of birds	are stimulated by
	a. he belief	b. To believe	c. It is believed	d. Believing

44/	Jane is a very	person		*		
134040	a. imaginative		a imagination	d imagined		
421	,-,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		d. Imagined .		
43/	"Is it OK if don't clean my room now?"					
	"I don't care. You can do you like."					
	a. however	b. whichever	c. whenever	d. whatever		
46/	The, the first daily newspaper in the United States, fir appeared in 1783.					
	a. Pennsylvania Evening Post is two pages long					
	b. two-page Pennsylvania Evening Post					
	c. Pennsylvania Evening Post was					
	d. two-page Pennsylvania Evening Post's					
47/	Noise pollution generally less attention than does air pollution					
	a. receive	b. receiving	c. to receive	d. receives		
48/	there is a close correlation between stress and illness.					
	a. Some psycholo	gists believe	b. Believed some	e psychologists		
	c. That some psychologists believe d. Some psychologists believing					
49/	"Did you go to cla	ass yesterday?"				
	"Yes, and you	gone too!"	•			
	a. shouldn't have		b. would have	÷.		
	c. wouldn't have		d. should have	2:		
50/	A home computer an opportunity for convenient and efficien work at home.					
	a. provides		b. to be providin	g		
	c. which provides		d. providing it			
51/	/ The Milky Way looks it is a faint band of light.			ight.		
	a. although	b. as though	c. though	d. despite		
52/	Anyone is entitled	to such benefit.	of age or	sex.		
	a. whether	b. regardless	c. in case	d. in spite		
53/	So many people in New York every day.					
	a. have robbed	b. robbing	c. robbed	d. are robbed		

34/	fou really disappoint me with your benavior.				
	"Iknow. I so immaturely yesterday."				
	a. nustn't have be	ehaved	b. shouldn't beh	ave	
	c. houldn't have	behaved	d. wouldn't beha	ive	
55/	The woman	he fell in love let	't him after a few weeks.		
	a. vith whom	b. who	c. to whom	d. for whom	
56/	The children were	e frightened becau	ise it dark.		
	a. vas getting	b. is getting	c. got	d. gets	
57/	The organs of tastoigue.	ste are the	_ which are main	nly located on the	
	a. aste buds, groups of cells				
	b. group of cells, are taste buds				
	c. group of cells, taste buds are				
	d. as te buds, these are groups of cells				
58/	If am not	this is my fifth	visit to New York	k.	
	a. nistaking	b. mistaken	c. mistook	d. mistake	
59/	He till 10	.00 and forgot all	his meeting.		
	a. leep	b. slept	c. is sleeping	d. was sleeping	
60/	They asked me a	lot of questions, _	l couldn`t	answer.	
	a. ill of whom	b. that	c. all of which	d. who	
<b>&lt;</b> ]	V>Error Iden	tification			
Ch	oos: the under	lined word or	phrase in eac	h sen ence that	
nee	ds forrecting.				
61/	A ludget is a plan	that estimates ho	ow much money v	vill be spent, what	
	E IZERNOM	a	b	c	
	it vill be spent on, and how much money is left over.				
			d		
62/	Or February 20,	1962, Friendship	7 <u>has</u> orbited the	Earth in a	
	mained flight that lasted just under five hours.				
	b c	d			

63/	Of <u>all the</u> states <u>in the</u> United States, Rhode Island <u>is</u> a smallest.				
	a b cd				
64/	Copper is a metal which is easy worked and which mixes well with				
	a b c				
	other metals to form alloys.				
	d				
65/	The CDs here are more expensive than this over there.				
	a b c d				
66/	Washington Irving, one of America's most famous authors, was a				
	a b				
	lawyer, a businessman, and a United States diplomatic to England and				
	Spain. c d				
67/	Many states do laws regulating production processes for differen types				
	a b c				
	of food <u>products</u> .				
	d .				
68/	Statistics show that the greatest number of B. A degrees in recen years				
3	a b c				
*5	has been conferring in the fields of business management, education,				
	d				
	and social sciences.				
60/	A Geiger counter is an electronic instrument is used to measure the				
071	a b c				
	the presence and intensity of radiation.				
	i. <b>d</b> .				
70/	Tom regrets not to have reviewed his lessons carefully before the				
	exam. a b c d				
71/	American filling stations refuse to accept cash at night because				
	security reasons. a b c d				
72/	I will tell you a secret if you can keep it to you.				
	a b c d				
73/	Before give her my present, I wished her good luck.				
	a b c d				
74/	Hardly she had entered the shop when she realized that she				
	a b				
	had forgotten her purse.				
	d				



#### <V> Feading Comprehension.

a

b

Read the passage and choose the word or phrase that best fits each space.

C

#### A. KANGA KILLERS

Ourreporter Hugh Evans examines the growing (80) in kangaroo meat

In 972 the Australian government \_\_(81) a quota system which allowed a(n) \_\_(82) \_ number of kangaroos to be killed or 'culled' every year. Legislation was introduced because farmers claimed that the kangaroos were \_\_(83) their crops. The problem is that \_\_(84) \_ two and a half milion kangaroos can be killed legally each year, a further two and a half milion are killed illegally. The animals are killed for a variety of (85) \_\_. The main one, however, is that kangaroo meat is sold for human (86) \_\_-usually in the \_\_(87) \_ of steaks - or is used as pet food. There are also thorsands of dollars to be made \_\_(88) \_ the sale of their skins.

The environmental group Greenpeace and Australia's Animal Liberation (AAL) are now campaigning for a ban \_\_(89)\_ the sale of all kangaroo products. They hope that this will stop unscrupulous farmers killing the animals for \_\_(90)\_\_. A spokesperson for AAL said, "People

aren't concerned because there are still \_\_(91)\_\_ six million kangaroos in Australia so they are \_\_(92)\_\_ an endangered species. People just don't care about \_\_(93)\_\_ like this unless there is a real threat. But we know certain types have already become extinct in some areas. We must act now (94)\_\_ it is too late.

80/ a. deal	b. business	c. commerce	d. trade
81/ a. introduced	b. produced	c. turned out	d. offered
82/ a. approximate	b. certain	c. estimated	d. unknown
83/ a. devastating	b. injuring	c. ruining	d. spoiling
84/ a. while	b. because	c. when	d. unless
85/ a. causes	b. pretexts	c. excuses	d. reasons
86/ a. need	b. consumption	c. employment	d. usage
87/ a. shape	b. disguise	c. form	d. figure
88/ a. by	b. during	c. for	d. from
89/ a. on	b. of	c. for	d. against
90/ a. interest	b. profit	c. benefit	d. advantage
91/ a. above	b. another	c. over	d. exceedingly
92/ a. never	b. hardly	c. seldom	d. unlikely
93/ a. issues	b. tasks	c. duties	d. caszs
94/ a. when	b. unless	c. until	d. before
В.			

There can be few more depressing stories in the entire history of man's exploitation of nature than the wide-spread destruction of whales. Whales have not only suffered untold cruelty but now face total extermination. Already entire populations have been wiped out, and the only reason why no species have yet been finished off is due to the vastness and inaccessibility of the oceans. Hence, a few have always managed to escape, but how much longer can this go on?

95/ The author points out that of all the animals in nature it is probably the wholes that

- a, lave aroused most sympathy among ordinary people
- b. Fave attracted the least scientific attention
- c. lave suffered most from man's cruelty
- d. can finally avoid total extinction

96/ According to the passage, if whales have so far survived, it is because

- a, they have taken refuge in the vast expanses of the oceans
- b. nodern man has recognized the need to preserve them
- c. arious measures have been taken to save them from total
- d. nan has finally realized that nature must not be exploited
- 97/ In the passage the author expresses his doubts about whether \_\_\_\_.
  - a. many species of whales ought to be preserved
  - b. the exploitation of nature can be justified
  - c. man really is as cruel to whales as some people have claimed
  - d. vhales can actually survive in the future

**C**.

British towns suffer from the same traffic congestion, noise and polluting fumes as wall towns in the western world, but as yet only London Newcastle, Glasgow and to a small extent Liverpool, have useful railways going underground through the central areas. Elsewhere there are plans for building underground railways but they have little hope of making my progress with them so long as public expenditure is restricted. In general, the north has better public transport than the south, with cheap and frequent bus services using better roads shared with fewer cars.

98/ As it is pointed out in the passage, most British towns have no underground railway system a. as the system is felt to cause a great deal of pollution b. since the majority of people have their own private means of transport c. as this is not felt to be a practical system outside London d. because there is not sufficient public money available for projects 99/ We can understand from the passage that ... a. the north of Britain suffers less from traffic problems than the south does b. more people drive their own cars in the north than in the south c. Liverpool has the most developed underground train system in Britain d. the south of Britain enjoys cheap and highly efficient bus services 100/ The author suggests that underground railways are an excellent means of transport since . a. they are much cheaper means of transport than buses b. they do not pollute the streets of a city with noise and petrol fumes c. the building and maintenance of them is comparatively cheap

#### **End of Test**

d. the services offered on them are constantly being improved

# **ANSWER KEY**

### TestYourself A

82. d

1 Cott Out	ocii A					
Test						
1.b 16.d	31. a	46. a 6	1. d → mem	orizing	76. a	91. b
2. c 17. a	32, c	47. c 6	$2. c \rightarrow freez$	es	77. b	92. a
3. h 18. d	33. b	48. b 6	3. d → orgai	nize	78. c	93. b
4. d 19. c	34. b	49. d 6	4. c $\rightarrow$ interes	ests	79. d	94. b
5. b 20. d	35. c	50. b 6	5. a → irrita	ted	80. b	95. c
6. d 21. d	36. a	51.c 6	6. d → disco	verer	81. c	96. a
7. a 22. c	37. a	52. c 6	7. c → their		82. c	97. b
8. b 23. a	38. d	53. a 6	8. a → maki	ng	83. c	98. d
9. a 24. c	39. c	54. a 6	9. a <b>→</b> are		84. a	99. a
10. в 25. с	40. d	55. b 7	$0. d \rightarrow less$		85. b	100. c
11. b 26. c	41. d	56. b 7	1. c → delig	hted	86. b	
12. a 27. c	42. b	57. b 7.	2. b → mean	is of	87. d	
13. b 28. d	43. d	58. b 7.	3. a → iron		88. c	
14. b 29. d	44. c	59. b 7	4. d → weig	ht	89. b	
15. c 30. c	45. b	60. d 7.	5. b <b>→</b> are		90. a	
Test						
1. b 14. a	27. a	40. d	53. b	66. c	→ it	
2. c 15. a	28. c	41. b	54. b	67. c	→ more	
3. c 16. b	29. a	42. b	55. c	68. b	→ moistu	re
4. d 17. b	30. a	43, d	56. b	69. b	→ which	
5. c 18. b	31. d	44. c	57. c	70. d	→ only so	ource
6. a 19. c	32. b	45. c	58. a	71. a	→ sharks	
7. a 20. b	33. b	46. b	59. a	72. c	→ than	
8. a 21. a	34. c	47. c	60. c	73. a	→ a	
9. d 22. c	35. a	48. b	61. b	74. a	→ Most	
10. a 23. c	36. c	49. d	62. a	75. b	→ break	
11. a 24. d	37. a	50. b	63. b	76. d	→ with th	ie
12. d 25. b	38. b	51. c	64. b	77. b	→ valuab	le
13. c 26. d	39. a	52. a	65. b	78. c	→ direction	ons
79. c • trees		83. a	87. d	91. a	95. d 9	99. b
80. a - a wel	l-known	84. d	88. b	92. d	96. c 1	00. d
81. aa		85. c	<b>8</b> 9. d	93. c	97. a	

86. a

90. c

94. c

98. a

-	-	
- 22	OC	- 3
	C.5.	

1. b	17. a	33. c	49. b	65. d	81. c	97. a
2. c	18. c	34. a	50. d	66. c → have been	82. b	98. c
3. a	19. d	35. b	51. a	67. d → it is	83. a	99. d
4. a	20. a	36. a	52. c	68. a → had served	84. c	100. c
5. c	21. c	37. b	53. a	69. d → was	85. d	
6. a	22. d	38. a	54. b	70. a → more	86. b	
7. d	23. с	39. a	55. a	71. b → near	87. a	
8. d	24. a	40. c	56. d	72. b → have been	88. b	
9. d	75. c	41.b	57. c	73. c → so	89. d	
10. b	26. b	42. b	58. a	74. c → thrilling	90. b	
11. c	27. d	43. b	59. b	75. d → accuracy	91. d	
12. a	28. a	44. a	60. a	76. d → returned	92. b	
13. c	29. c	45. b	61. d	77. b → gas	93. a	
14. d	30. a	46. c	62. b	78. b → our	94. a	
15. c	31. a	47. c	63. b	79. b → four times	95. d	
16. b	32. b	48. d	64. b	80. d → became	96. d	

## Test Yourself B

## Test 1

200

1. a	7. d	13. b	19. a	25. d	31. a	37. a	43. b	49. c
2. a	8. b	14. a	20. c	26. b	32. c	38. d	44. a	50. c
3. c	9. c	15. c	21. d	27. d	33. d	39. b	45. c	51. d
4. b	10. a	16. a	22. c	28. b	34. c	40. a	46. c	52. a
5. b	11. b	17. a	23. с	29. c	35. a	41. c	47. a	53. d
6. a	12. b	18. a	24. b	30. d	36. a	42. a	48. d	54. a
55. b			68. c →	but also		81. a	94. 8	1
56. b			69. c →	where		82. d	95. 6	ł
57. b			70. d →	scientific	c	83. c	96. 0	2
58. c			71. d →	and		84. a	97. 0	3
59. a			72. b →	and		85. a	98. I	0
60. c	¥		73. c →	on		86. c	99. 8	a
61. d			74. c →	there is		87. c	100.	c
62. a	*		75. c →	raising		88. b		
63. d			76. d →	the high	est	89. d		

64. c			77. d →	heroes	90. c		
65. c			78. c →	live	91. d		
66. d	- arriv	ed	79. a →	Brain cells	92. a		
67. d	- preci	sion	80. a →	like	93. a		
Test	2						
1. a	7. c	33. b	49. b	65. c		81. b	97. b
2. c	8. c	34. c	50. c	66. c → approx	imately	82. c	98. d
3. b	9. d	35. b	51. c	67. c → need		83. d	99. c
4. d	!0. a	36. c	52. c	68. d → either		84. a	100. a
5. b	11. c	37. c	53. c	69. b → consist	ts of	85. b	
6. a	2. c	38. d	54. c	70. a → making	3	86. d	
7. b	3. b	39. a	55. c	71. d → writter	1	87. c	
8. d	4. d	40. b	56. a	72. c → his		88. d	
9. b	5. b	41. d	57. c	73. c → potenti	ially	89. a	
10. c	6. b	42. b	58. a	74. b → becaus	e	90. b	
11. c	17. a	43. d	59. a	75. a → althoug	gh	91. c	
12. c	8. b	44. d	60. d	76. d → noise		92. d	
13. d	19. b	45. a	61. c	77. d → their		93. c	
14. a	0. c	46. d	62. d	78. b → found		94. a	
15. b	1. b	47. a	63. a	79. c → increas	se	95. b	
16. b	2. d	48. a	64. b	80. c → whose		96. c	
Test	3						
1. b	7. a	33. a	49. b	65. d		81. b	97. с
2. d	8. c	34. c	50. a	66 <sub>:</sub> a → textile		82. c	98. b
3. c	9. a	35. d	51. c	67. a → which		83. a	99. b
4. b	0. d	36. b	52. b	68. a → By		84. d	100. a
5. a	1. d	37. a	53. d	69. b → getting	g up	85. b	
6. b	2. b	38. c	54. c	70. c → to		86. c	
7. b	3. d	39. с	55. c	71. c → form		87. ხ	
8. c	.4. a	40. a	56. a	72. b $\rightarrow$ other		88. d	
9. d	5. b	41. b	57. d	73. d $\rightarrow$ to mak	ie.	89. b	
10. d	6. a	42. b	58. b	74. d $\rightarrow$ which	•	90. c	

11. b	27. c	43. d	59. b	75. c →	are		91. a	
12. b	28. c	44. d	60. b	76. d →	like		92. a	
13. a	29. a	45. c	61. c	77. c →	sale		93. a	
14. d	30. b	46. a	62. d	78. a →	use		94. d	
15. b	31. b	47. b	63. b	79. d →	industry	į	95. c	
16. d	32. b	48. d	64. a	80. a →	thousand		96. a	
Test	Yours	self C						
Test 1	I							
1. c	8. d	15. a	22. b	29. b	36. c	43. c	50. c	
2. d	9. c	16. b	23. c	30. b	37. b	44. c	51. a	57. d
3. d	10. d	17. a	24. b	31. a	38. a	45. b	52. d	58. d
4. c	11. d	18. d	25. d	32. b	39. d	46. d	53. с	59. b
5. c.	12. d	19. a	26. b	33. a	40. a	47. c	54. a	60. c
6. c	13. b	20. d	27. a	34. c	41. a	48. d	55. b	61. a
7. a	14. c	21. d	28. a	35. c	42. b	49. c	56. b	62. c
63. d -	→ priso	ns	70. a →	children	77. b	84. a	91. a	98. d
64. d -	→ late		71. c →	was	78. a	85. d	92. b	99. c
65. b -	→ popu	lated	72. d →	after	79. с	86. c	93. c	100.b
66. b -	→ well		73. d →	survive	80. a	87. b	94. b	
67. b -	→ great	er	74. a →	by	81. c	88. a	95. c	
68. a -	> perce	ntage	75. a →	exist	82. b	89. c	96. c	
69. b -	> too		76. a →	Despite	83. d	90. d	97. a	
Test 2	2							
1. b	18. d	35. b	52. d	6	9. b → bi	reeds	- {	86. d
2. c	19. b	36. a	53. a	7	0. b → al	one	1	87. a
3. c	20. c	37. d	54. a	7	'1. b → lo	ong	1	88. d
4. a	21. b	38. d	55. b	7	2. b <b>→</b> cı	ırrency	1	89. с
5. d	22. b	39. d	56. a	7	3. d → st	arvation	Ç	90. b
6. b	23. b	40. b	57. a	7	4. a → B	ecause o	f 9	91. d

7. c 24. a	41. b	58. b	75. a → thanks to	92. a
8. c 25, c	42. d	59. a	76, d → basic	93. d
9. d 26. a	43. d	60. a	77. c → qualifications	94. d
10. c 27. a	44. c	61. b	78. a	95. a
11. b 28. b	45. d	62. c	79. b	96. d
12. b 29. b	46. a	63, b	80. a	97. a
13. a 30. b	47. c	64. a→nearly	81. b	98. c
14. b 31. b	48. b	65. d→itself	82. d	99. b
15. a 32. c	49. c	66. a→Among	83. c	100. a
16. d 33. c	50. b	67. d→protects	84. b	
17. a 34. d	51. b	68. d →increase	85. c	
Test 3				
1. d 18. d	35. d	52. b	69. a → Although	86. d
2. c 19. b	36. d	53. b	70. c $\rightarrow$ other	87. b
3. a 20. b	37. d	54. d	71. c $\rightarrow$ are	88. a
4. b 21. c	38. a	55. c	72. c $\rightarrow$ see clearly	89. d
5. d 22. a	39. b	56. b	73. d → hospital	90. c
6. a 23. c	40. b	57. c	74. c $\rightarrow$ worse	91. a
7. b 24. d	41. d	58. b	75. d $\rightarrow$ to make	92. d
8. c 25. a	42. c	59. d	76. d	93. c
9. b 26. d	43. d	60. c	77. a	94. c
10. b 27. c	44. d	61. b	78. c	95. d
11. b 28. a	45. d	62. a→that	79. b	96. a
12. c 29. c	46. b	63. a→billion	80. b	97. c
13. b 30. c	47. a	64. a→ According	to 81. b	98. b
14. a 31. a	48. b	65. d→percent	82. d	99. c
15. b 32. b	49. a	66. d→years	83. d	100. d
16. a 33. a	50. c	67. d→to	84. a	
17. a 34. b	51. a	68. d →annually	85. a	

#### Test Yourself D

#### Test 1

	1. b	8. c	15. c	22. d	29. b	36. b	43. c	50. c	i 57. a
	2. a	9. d	16. c	23. c	30. d	37. b	44. a	51.	58. d
	3. d	10. d	17. c	24. d	31. a	38. d	45. b	52. 0	1 59. b
	4. d	11. b	18. c	25. d	32. d	39. a	46. b	53. a	60. c
	5. b	12. c	19. b	26. b	33. с	40. b	47. a	54. a	1
	6. a	13. d	20. c	27. с	34. d	41. a	48. a	55. t	,
	7. d	14. b	21. a	28. a	35. b	42. c	49. c	56.	i
	61. a ·	→ whic	h	69. a	→ was	77.	c 85	5. b	93. c
	62. d	→ years	5	70. c	→ after	78.	d 86	o. a	94. b
	63. a ·	→ whic	h	71. b	→ or	79.	e 87	7. d	95. d
	64. b	→ took	k 72. c → who			80. a 88. b			96. a
65. a → too much			73. d	→ were	81.	b 89	). d	97. c	
	66. b	→ cultu	ral	74. b	→old eno	ugh 82. l	b 90	). c	98. a
	67. b	→ his o	wn	75. c	→ when	83.	c 91	. с	99. b
	68. a	→ was v	walking	76. a		84.	d 92	2. d	100. d
	Test	2							
	l.a	18. a	35. b	52. c		69. a	→control	ling	86. d
	2. c	19. c	36. c	53. a		70. c	→boiled		87. b
	3. a	20. a	37. d	54. d		71. a	→is belie	ved	88. c
	4. c	21. d	38. с	55. a		72. b	→he live		89. с
	5. a	22. b	39. с	56. a		73. a	→is		90. a
	6. a	23. d	40. d	57. d		74. a	→of pape	r	91. b
	7. d	24. d	41. a	58. c		75. c	they		92. c
	2	4.5	U21 N	8 5 8					88 80

76. c

77. b

78. d

79. d

80. a

93. d

94. d

95. b

96. b

97. b

#### 204 2007 Câu TN TA 11

8. c

9. b

12. b

25. с

26. a

29. b

10. a 27. d

11. d 28. a

42. d 59. b

60. b

44. d 61. b→that

62. d→important

63. d**→**eye

43. a

45. d

46. d

13. a	30, b	47. c	64. d→as		81. b			98. d
14. b	31. d	48. d	65. a≯inv	entor	82. c			99. c
15. a	32. c	49. b	66. b→wł	10	83. с			100. d
16. b	33. d	50. b	67. b→to	predict	84. d			
17. a	34. d	51. c	68. c→to	exercise	85. a			
Test	€ 2 (*)							
1. b	18. b	35. c	52. d		69. d-	frozen		86. a
2. c	19. c	36. b	53. b		70. a –	<b>&gt;</b> To build	İ	87. a
3. b	20. d	37. b	54. b		71. b-	→our		88. b
4. c	21, b	38. b	55. a		72. d-	<b>≯</b> its		89. d
5. a	22. d	39. d	56. a		73. c <del>-</del>	when		90. a
6. a	23. a	40. c	57. a	74. d	contro	versial iss	ues	91. d
7. c	24. b	41. b	58. d		75. c -	→became		92. a
8. b	25. a	42. c	59. c		76. c			93. c
9. b	26. c	43. c	60. a		77. b			94. c
10. c	27. d	44. b	61. b→fas	ster	78. d			95. b
11. a	28. c	45. c	62. a→em	ployment	79. a			96. b
12. b	29. d	46. d	63. b <b>→</b> pr	obable	80. b			97. d
13. a	30. b	47. b	64. d→do	ing	81. c			98. c
14. c	31. c	48. a	65. d <b>→</b> no	r	82. a			99. c
15. a	32. b	49. b	66. b <b>→</b> an	alyze	83. d			100. c
16. b	33. a	50. c	67. d <b>→</b> ide	eal	84. c			
17. a	34. b	51. b	68. d→sc	ulptor	85. b			
Test	Yours	self E						
Test	1							
1. b	8. c	15. b	22. с	29. с	36. d	43. b	50. c	57. c
	0	16. a	23. c	30. c	37. a	44. a	51. a	58. c
2. c	9. a	12/12/2017						
2. c 3. a	9. a 10. d	17. b	24. a	31. d	38. b	45. c	52. t	59. b

5. ć	12. c	19. b	26. d	33. с	40. 0	i 47	7. b	54	G.
6. c	13. c	20. a	27. c	34. b	41. t	48	3. c	55	1
7. d	14. b	21. a	28. d	35. a	42. c	49	). c	56	d
61. c	→ its	69. l	→ accom	plishmer	nts 7	7. a	85	. b	93. a
62. d	→ brilli	ance	70. a	→ on	7	'8. b	86	. d	94. d
63. a	→ Foun	ded	71. a	→ called	7	9. c	87	. a	95, b
64. a	→ three	-pound	72. a	→ recogn	ized 8	80. d	88	. c	96. a
65. c	→ used		73. c	→ fewer	8	81. c	89	. b	97.5
66. c	→ it is		74. b	→ larges	t 8	32. b	90	. d	98. a
67. b	→ symt	ools	75. d	→ write	8	33. a	91	. a	99. a
68. c	→ are		76. d		8	84. c	92	. с	100. c
Test	2								
1. d	18. b	35. b	52. c		69	. d →fi	urnitu	re	86. d
2. c	19. a	36. a	53. a		70. c	l →par	ticipa	tion	87. c
3. c	20. a	37. c	54. b		71	. d <b>→</b> n	o long	er	88. d
4. b	21. c	38. d	55. c		72	. d →	ic cos	t	89. b
5. c	22. c	39. d	56. c		73	. a <b>→</b> fo	orm		90. b
6. c	23. c	40. b	57. b		74	. a →N	1ost		91. c
7. b	24. a	41. c	58. d		75	. c →fe	or grov	aing	92. a
8. a	25. b	42. b	59. d		76	. a			93. d
9. c	26. b	43. c	60. c		77	. b			94. c
10. b	27. b	44. c	61. d <b>→</b> m	illions	78	. d			95. a
11. c	28. d	45. b	62. d <b>→</b> de	evices	79	. с			96. c
12. b	29. a	46. d	63. b <b>→</b> la	borers	80	. b			97. d
13. d	30. c	47. b	64. c <b>→</b> pi	ogresses	81	. a			98. a
14. d	31. d	48. a	65. a→N	o	82	. c			99. b
15. a	32. c	49. c	66. b→h	old	83	. d			100. d
16. c	33. d	50. c	67. a <b>→</b> oı		84	. b			
17. b	34. b	51. b	68. c→or		85	. a			

#### Test 3

I. b	18. ¢	35. с	52. d	69. c→is	86. b
2. b	[9, Б	36. a	53. d	70. d→operations	87. a
3. a	20. c	37. d	5.4. d	71. h→ because	88. c
4. d	21. d	38. a	55, a	72. b→is	89. c
5. h	22. b	39. a	56. c	73. b→occupy	90, c
6. d	:3. b	40. b	57. b	74. a⇒seldom	91. a
7. b	24. c	41. b	58. b	75. d →were	92. d
8. b	:5. a	42. c	59. c	76. b	93. c
9. d	16. a	43. b	60. d→musicians	77. a	94. a
10. c	:7. b	44. b	61. a→To improve	78. a	95. c
11. b	28. c	45. c	62. c→successful	79. c	96. d
12. a	29. c	46. b	63. b→maintain	80. c	97. a
13. b	30. d	47. b	64. a→its	81. b	98. d
14. a	31. c	48. c	65. a→who	82. d	99. c
15. d	32. c	49. c	66. d→consume	83. a	100. c
16. a	33. b	50. a	67. d→flat	84. d	

### Test Yourself F

### Test 1

1. b	⊰. a	15. d	22. c	29. b	36. a	43. b	50. b	57. b
2. c	). b	16. c	23. d	30. c	37. b	44. c	51. c	58. a
3. c	0. d	17. c	24. b	31. b	38. b	45. b	52. b	59. c
4. a	1. c	18. b	25. a	32. b	39. c	46. b	53. d	60. a
5. a	2. c	19. c	26. b	33. b	40. a	47. c	54. d	
6. c	13. c	20. c	27. a	34. d	41. b	48. a	55. c	
7. d	4. b	21. c	28. a	35. c	42. c	49. a	56. d	
61.c	→ whic	h	69. d	→ in charg	e of 77.	c 8:	5, c	93. a
62. d	→ ice		70. a	→import	ant 78.	a 86	6. a	94. c

17. c 34. c 51. a 68. d→warm-blooded 85. d

63. c -	→ meml	ber		71. c →both		79. d	87. d	95. b
64. b -	→ was			72. b →at least		80. b	88. c	96. a
65. a -	→ Beca	use	73.	$c \rightarrow$ is an excellent		81. a	89. b	97. c
66. b -	→ had i	nvented		74. c →substance		82. c	90. a	98. d
67. a -	→ be		75.	$d \rightarrow to know how$		83. d	91. b	99. b
68. a -	→ assun	ned		76. b		84. b	92. d	100. i
Test 2	2							
1. c	18. b	35. с	52.	. d	6	9. a →cove	ering	86. c
2. d	19. c	36. a	53.	. d 7	0.	. b →manaį	gement	87. d
3. a	20. c	37. a	54.	. a	7	1. a → mak	e	88. a
4. a	21. b	38. c	55	, c	7	2. b →but	also	89. b
5. b	22. d	39. a	56	. с	7	'3. a →com	petitors	90. d
6. a	23. b	40. c	57.	. b 74. c	<u> </u>	did they r	equire	91. b
7. b	24. a	41. b	58	. b	7	5. d		92. a
8. d	25. d	42. b	59	. b	7	6. a		93. c
9. a	26. a	43. c	60	. b	7	7. с		94. b
10. b	27. d	44. a	61	. b→the villages	7	8. d		95. c
11. d	28. d	45. c	62	. a→most	7	9. c		96. a
12. c	29. a	46. a	63	. b→the easier	8	0. a		97. c
13. a	30. a	47. d	64	. b→settlers	8	11. b		98. b
14. a	31. d	48. b	65	. c→to write	8	2. d		99. a
15. d	32. b	49. d	66	. b→whose	8	3. с		100. ı
16. d	33. c	50. a	67	. d→his	8	4. a		
17. c	34. a	51. b	68.	b→bored	8	5. b		
Test :	3							
1. d	18. b	35. b	52	. a	6	9. b <b>→</b> by		86. a
2. b	19. d	36. a	53	. a	7	'0. b→work	cing	87. d
3. d	20. b	37. c	54	. b	7	'I. b→had	used	88. b
4. a	21. a	38. d	55	. b	7	2. a→hurt		89. c
5. c	22. d	39. c	56	. a	7	3. b→bear	ing	90. a

### 208 2007 Câu TN TA 11

6. c	23. c	40. e	57. b		7	74. a→	did tl	iey	know	91. d
7. b	24. b	41. d	58. c		7	75. a -	<b>&gt;</b> raise	:d		92. a
8. c	25. a	42. c	59. a		7	76. d				93. c
9. c	26. d	43. b	60. d		7	77. c				94. d
10. a	.7. a	44. d	61. c→Tl	nere are	7	78. a				95. b
11. a	28. a	45. a	62. a→In		7	79. b				96. b
12. b	29. a	46. c	63. c <b>→</b> ole	dest	8	80. d				97. c
13. a	30. b	47. d	64. d→w	ell	8	31. b				98. d
14. d	31. b	48. c	65. b <b>→</b> be	st	8	32. a				99. c
15. a	32. a	49. d	66. d→w	ill fall	8	33. c				100. d
16. b	33. b	50. a	67. d <b>→</b> di	d as well	8	34. d				
17. c	34. c	51. b	68. c→wl	10	8	85. b				
Samp	ole Tes	t 1		×						
1 . c	3. c	15. d	22. d	29. b	36	. a	43. c		50. c	57. c
2. d	9. d	16. a	23. b	30. d	37	. d	44. c		51. b	58. d
3. c	0. a	17. d	24. b	31. a	38	. с	45. a		52. c	59. b
4. a	1. d	18. d	25. b	32. b	39	. b	46. d		53. c	60. a
5. d	2. b	19. b	26. d	33. a	40	. c	47. d		54. c	
6. a	13. b	20. d	27. ь	34. d	41	. b	48. a		55. b	) i
7. b	4. d	21. d	28. c	35. c	42	. d	49. c		56. a	ls.
61. d	→ biogr	aphy	69. c	→ had seen		77. a	Ĭſ	85.	c	93. c
62. d	→ relati	vely	70. a → to help			78. a		86.	C	94. d
63. d → light			71. d → to go camping		g	79. c		87.	d	95. b
64. d → swallowing			72. a → Hundreds of		f	80. c 88		88.	d	96. a
65. b → prominent			73. d →a three-hour			81. d		89.	a	97. b
66. d $\rightarrow$ and fishing			74. a →a			82. b			a	98. b .
67. b → designed			75. a → In spite of			83. a 91			b	99. a
68. b	→ not to	0	76. b			84. a	Į.	92.	a	100. c

## Sample Test 2

1. a	18. b	35. b	52. b	69. c →used	86. b
2. c	19. c	36. a	53. d	70. a →having	87. c
3. c	20. a	37. a	54. c	71. d →because of	88. d
4. a	21. a	38. b	55. a	72. d →yourself	89. a
5. d	22. a	39. с	56. a	73. b →giving	90. b
6. d	23. c	40. c	57. a 7	4. b → had she entered	91. c
7. b	24. a	41. d	58. b	75. b →to guess	92. b
8. a	25. b	42. c	59. b	76. d →slower	93. a
9. a	26. d	43. c	60. c	77. d →contribute	94. d
10. d	27. ь	44. a	61. d→will be	78. c →wanted	95. c
11. b	28. b	45. d	62. a→had	79. b →sunlight	96. a
12. a	29. a	46. b	63. d→the	80. d	97. d
13. a	30. d	47. d	64. b→easily	81. a	98. d
14. c	31. a	48. a	65. c→than those	82. b	99. a
15. c	32. d	49. d	66. d→diplomat	83. c	100. c
16. a	33. c	50. a	67. a→make	84. a	
17. c	34. d	51. b	68. d→has been c	onferred 85. d	